

THE REPORT

OF THE

ADVISORY COMMITTEE

ON THE

REVISION OF THE LISTS OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES



GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SECURITY

CONTENTS

PART I

CHAPID								Pag
1	Introduction							
11.	Principles and Polic	у .		0.7				
TII.	Revision of Lists							13
IV.	General Recommen	dations						2
V.	Appreciation				+		+	25
		PAR	T II					
APPENDE	×.					1		
1.	List of Orders in for Constitution	oe unde	e articl	les 341	and 3	42 0	fthe	28
11.	Resolution constitut	ing the (Commi	ittee				29
m.	List of persons who	appeare	d before	re the	Comr	nittec		31
IV.	List of Communities	recomm	ended	for in	clusio	0	WES	39
V.	List of Communities	гесотп	ended	for ex	clusio	п		42
VI.	List of proposals rejec	ted by t	he Con	nmitte	c			55
VII.	Revised Statewise lists Scheduled Tribes	of Sche	duled	Castes	and	*		62-11:

CONTENTS OF APPENDIX VII

Revised Storewise Lists of Scheduled Curter and Scheduled Tribes

	State			4			Sch. Castes Page	Sch. Trib Page
(Andhra Pradesh 9	pe-	u.	+	-		-	62	9
Assam -	-/ -	W	13			117	63	Q.
Giran Light	7	- 40		2		112	64	95
(Guiller)	4	/ .					65	90
Lamons & Jinshon	-		100	+			66	95
, Kerala x .	٠.						67	95
Madhya Pradesha		+			- 3		69	99
Mulses	4 14					14	71	102
Maharashtra 3		-				100	73	103
Mysore x							75	107
Nagaland ×		- 5	-					108
Orina x		***		40		747	78	109
Punjab).						- 2	81	110
Rajasthan .							82	111
Uttar Pradesh .		23		3	10	0.00	84	112
West Bengal .			2			*	85	112
Andaman & Amob.	er Island	1	W.F	i.	111	10	10.00	113
Dadra & Nagar He	vetr i						87	113
Delhi-	100010	3	8	1			87	113
[Himsel Brudesh]	5						800	111
Light w. Minion	& America	do 1	dame.	50			an.	113
Manipur						=	110	114
Pondener	- 3	16	3	8		177	90	114
Tripura	*		*:	+			9.7	115

12

(ii)

13.

CONTENTS

PART I

CAPAL LES	2								rage
1	Introduction			17	*:				1
11.	Principles and Pol	icy	((0))					*:	4
m	Revision of Lists	*						**	12
IV.	General Recomme	ndat	tions						23
V.	Appreciation			4			*		25
		P	ART	11					
APPENDO	× .						(6)		
1.	List of Orders in fo Constitution	orce •	under •	articl	es 341	and 3	42 0	f the	28
n.	Resolution constitu	iting	the C	ommi	ttee				29
m.	List of persons who	app	cared	befor	e the	Com	nittec		31
IV.	List of Communitie	s rec	omme	nded	for in	lusio			39
V.	List of Communitie	s rec	omme	nded	for ex	clusio	n	10.0	42
VI.	List of proposals rej	ected	by the	e Con	amitto	e			55
VIL	Revised Statewise lis Scheduled Tribes	ts of	Sched	uled (Castes	and			62-115

CONTENTS OF APPENDIX VII

- Revised Statewise Lists of Scheduled Curter and Scheduled Tribes

						-		AFERINA .
<i>(</i>	Sta	le					Sch. Castes Page	Sch Trib Pap
(Andhra Pradesh 9	pe	u,					62	-
Assam C	1			- 1			63	9
111	7						64	
(Conjume)	4	1.		- 3			65	9
Latina & Jensham	1						66	90
Kerula x	4						67	9.
Madhya Pradestra			-				2.50	95
Minter			-				69	99
Maharashtra					-		71	142
Mysore x				- 1		*	73	101
Negoland x							75	107
(Orient x							++	108
Punjab I.			000	***	1	-	78	109
Rajaulia -			17	*			- 81	110
Uttar Pradesh x	- 1					-	\$2	111
West Bengal	-	7.4		4	15	.1	84	112
Andaman A Simular	all a		*		12	7	85	112
Dadra & Jugar Havel	meneng:	-	10	-				113
Delhi-	180	18	F	14			87	113
Himaha Burent	31	15	33				87	100
- /	17	1		4			88	113
Manipur	Jan-14)	err faile	md.					114
	7.	W 3	6	+			90	11)-
Pendeciero	-	to 1	+	Y5 -			40	
Tripura		€0 8			1		: 9.1	115

12

(ii)

13.

 ζ_{i} PART I

CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

Article 341 of the Constitution provides that the President may, with respect to any State or Union Territory, specify the castes, races or tribes or parts of or groups within castes, races or tribes which shall for the purposes of the Constitution be deemed to be Scheduled Castes in relation to that State or Union Territory. Article 342 similarly provides for specification of tribes or tribal communities or parts of or groups within tribes or tribal communities which are to be deemed for the purposes of the Constitution to be Scheduled Tribes in relation to the various States and Union Territories. In pursuance of these provisions, the President made two Orders in 1950 in then Part 'A' and Part 'B' States, called the relation to Constitution (Sched. d Tribes) Order, 1950, and the Constitution (Sched. d Tribes) Order, 1950. In the following year he made the Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Part 'C States Order, 1951, and the Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Part 'C' States Order, 1951, in respect of the then Part 'C' States. Under the Constitution, these Orders could be varied only by a law of Parliament. The need for such variation arose first when the State of Andhra Pradesh was created by the Andhra State Act, 1953, then on the creation of the new State of Himachal Pradesh by the Himachal Pradesh and Bilaspur (New State) Act, 1954. Certain recommendations were later made by the Backward Classes Commission, whereupon these Orders were again revised by the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribe-Order (Amendment) Act, 1956. On the reorganisation of State-by the States Reorganisation Act, 1956, and on the enactment of the Bihar and West Bengal (Transfer of Territories) Act, 1956, the Orders were further modified by the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Lists (Modification) Order, 1956. They were revised once again on the creation of the new States of Maharashtra and Gujarat by the Bombay Reorganisation Act, 1960. Separate orders were also made at appropriate time for Jammu and Kashmir, Andaman and Nicobar Islands, Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Pondicherry. A list of the Orders now in force is at Appendix 1.

2. The lists of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes appearing in the various Orders came up for criticism on a number of occasions both in Parliament and outside on the ground that they were not rational and contained several anomalies. Assurances were given on behalf of the Government that a further revision of the lists would be undertaken in consultation with the State Governments and others and an attempt would be made to rationalise the lists. A number of representations were received by the Government of India and the views of the Government of the various States and Union Territories were invited thereon, they were also requested to make their own suggestions, if any After a preliminary examination of the resultant proposals received from the States and Union Territories, this Committee was appointed by a Resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Social Scurity, dated the 1st June, 1965 (Appendix II), with the following terms of reference:—

for revision of the existing lists of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.

as a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe in relation to a particular area in a State or an Union Territory, members of that caste or aribe residing—

(i) in other areas within the same State or Union Territory, or

(i) in other States or Union Territories should be recognised as belonging to the Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe, as the case may be.

The Resolution observed that the present lists of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes did not show a uniform pattern and several anomalies had been brought to the notice of Government and that it was therefore very necessary that the lists of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes should be revised "in a rational and scientific manner". The Committee was expected to submit the report within three months of the date of the Resolution.

3. The Resolution required the Committee to advise only on the proposals received by Government. But on the announcement of the constitution of the Committee, a large number of representations were received by the Committee directly—they contain d to pour in even while this report was being draftedfrom organisations as well as individual members of the public, including members of Legislatures and social workers, and the Committee felt it would be desirable to examine these representations to the extent possible; this additional responsibility undertaken by the Committee made its task more onerous.

4. The task of the Committee involved the examination of the historical and scientific background of over eight hundred tribat communities and caste groups and assessment of their social, educational and economic conditions with a view to determining their eligibility to be specified in the lists of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.

5. With the object of collecting as much material and acquainting itself with as many viewpoints as possible within the short time available, the Committee visited almost all the State capitals and held extensive discussions with the officers and experts of the Governments of the various States and Union Territorics, some Members of Parliament and State Legislatures, social workers, social scientists and available representationists; wherever possible, the Committee also ascertained the views of the Chief Ministers and Minimums in charge of the welfare of backward classes in the States. The Committee was assisted in these discussions by Deputy Commissioners of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. The Committee had the benefit of personal discussions with the Registrar General of Census, the Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and their representatives. A list of persons with whom discussions were held appears at Appendix III. The Committee drew extensively from the standard works of reference on castes and tribes by recognised authorities like libbetson, Thurston, Russell and Hiralal, Aiyappan, lyer and Nanjundaiya, and also referred, wherever necessary, to old census publications and District Gazetteers.

COLUMN STATE OF THE PARTY OF TH

CHAPTER II

PRINCIPLES AND POLICY

 The Constitution has not expressly prescribed any principles or policy for drawing up lists of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. However, there are indications in the Constitution that extreme social, educational and economic backwardness would qualify a caste or a tribe to be included in these lists. Article 46 of the Constitution enjoins the State to promote with special care the educational and economic interests of the weaker sections of the people, and, in particular, of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, and to protect them from social injustice and all forms of exploitation. Article 15(4) enables the State to make special provisions for the advancement of socially and educationally backward classes of citizens and the Scheduled Castes at Tabeduled Tribes. It is provided in article 335 that the classes of the members of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes shali . taken into consideration consistently with the maintenance of efficiency of administration in the making of appointments to services and posts in connection with the affairs of the Union or of a State. Articles 350 and 332 provide for reservation of seats for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the House of the People and the Legislative Assemblies of the States. (Such reservation will, however, cease to have effect in 1970), Article 338 requires the appointment of a Special Officer for the Sche-duled Castes and Sch. duled Tribes to investigate all matters relating to the safeguare provided for them under the Constitution and report upon the working of those safeguards. A Commission has to be apposed under article 339(1) to report on the administration of 1 welfare of the Scheduled Tribes while article 339(2) empowers the Union to give directions to a State as to the drawing up and execution of schemes essential for the welfare of the Schedu d Tribes in the States. The proviso to article 164(1) includes in the Council of Ministers in the States of Bihar, Madhya Procesh and Orissa a Minister in charge of tribal welfare who men also be in charge of the welfare of the Scheduled Castes at backward classes. A proviso to article 275(1) requires the lation to pay to the States as grants-in-aid necessary capital and recurring sums to enable them to meet the costs of schemes of excelopment undertaken by them with the approval of the Government of India for the purpose of promoting

Man to

the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes in that State. These special provisions in the Constitution proceed on the recognition of the extreme social, educational and economic backwardness of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and the need to make a special effort for their advancement and welfare, the stress on the Scheduled Tribes being somewhat more than that on the Scheduled Castes. (It is relevant to note that the Constitution also recognises another section of the citizens as deserving of special care, namely, the backward classes. This distinction ought therefore to be well kept in mind, as between the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes on the one hand and the backward classes on the other.) It will be observed that under article 341 not only castes and groups within castes but also races or tribes and groups within races or tribes can be specified as Scheduled Castes. Under article 342, however, only tribes or tribal communities or groups within tribes or tribal communities have to be specified as Scheduled Tribes.

7. The relevant records show that in drawing up the list of Scheduled Castes, the test applied was to be applied was a revised version of the list of Scheduled Castes under the Government of India (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1936, made under the Government of India Act, 1935, which, in turn, was the continuation of the earlier list of "depressed classes". The depressed classes, it is well known, were systematically categorised in 1931 by the Census Commissioner for India who had given the following instructions for the purpose of such categorisation:—

"I have explained depressed castes as castes, contact with whom entails perification on the part of high caste Hindus. It is not intented that the term should have any reference to occupation as such but to those castes which by reasons of their traditional position in Hindu society are denied access to temples, for instance, or have to use separate wells or are not allowed to sit inside a school house but have to remain outside or suffer similar social disabilities."

8. In the preamble to the questionnaire issued by the Backward Classes Commission, the Commission observed:

"In the matter of Scheduled Castes, the criterion is clear. Untouchability is the criterion and it being peculiar to the Hindus, those Hindu castes that were regarded as untouchables by society are included in that particular Schedule. Non-Hindus cannot be included in it."

9. The Constitution has abelished untouchability and has forbidden its practice in any form. The Untouchability (Offences) Act, 1955, punishes enforcement of social disabilities on the ground of untouchability. It would indeed be inappropriate in the circumstances to apply the sole test of untouchability in preparing the list of Scheduled Casics under the Constitution. Nevertheless, having regard to the historical background, we have, in revising the list, adopted the test of extreme social, educational and economic backwardness of castes, arising out of the traditional custom of untouchability. We incidentally note with satisfaction that untouchability is fast disappearing, particularly in cities and towns and, even where it is practised, it is considerably diluted in form. In fact, the line of demarcation between the high castes and low castes, which was fairly clear in the past, has tended to become blurred.

10. The specification of tribes and tribal communities as Scheduled Tribes present some problems. Even the social scientists have found it difficult to evolve a universally acceptable definition for a tribe. The difficulty in seeding out formal criteria for defining a tribe arises from the fact to it the tribes in India are, and have been for some decades, tribes in transition. first serious attempt to list "primitiv, tribes was, as in the case of depressed castes, made at the cen-us of 1931. Subsequently, under the Government of India Act, 1935, a list of "backward tribes" was specified for the Provinces of India. The list of Scheduled Tribes was prepared in 1950 by making additions to the list of backward tribes under the Government of India Act, 1935; in considering fresh proposals for inclusion in the list, it was noted that "care was necessary in drawing up the schedule in order to ensure that communities which hall burn assimilated in the general population were not at this start invested with an artificial distinctiveness as tribes, and that communities which might be regarded as tribes by reason of their social organisation and general way of life but which were really not primitive should not now newly be treated as primitive

11. In the preamble to their quest onnaire regarding Scheduled Tribes, the Backward Classes Corna ssion observed as follows:

"The Scheduled Tribes can also be generally ascertained by the fact that they live apart in hills, and even where they live on the plains, they lead a separate, excluded existence and are not fully assimilated in the main body of the people. Scheduled Tribes may belong to any religion. They are listed as Scheduled Tribes because of the kind of life led by them."

1930 and 1956, it was acknowledged that every tribe need not be regarded as requiring special treatment; the list of 1931 was of "primitive tribes" while the list of 1935 was of "backward tribes" and primitiveness and backwardness were the tests applied in preparing the lists in 1950 and 1956. In revising the list of Scheduled Tribes, we have looked for indications of primitive traits, distinctive culture, geographical isolation, shyness of contact with the community at large and backwardness; we have considered that tribes whose members have by and large mixed up with the general population are not eligible to be in the list of Scheduled Tribes.

18. In the three Five Year Plans undertaken after Independence, the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes have, along with rest of the population, obtained their share of development benefits, particularly in the fields of education, drinking water supply, agriculture and community development. Apart from such general programmes, special supplementary schemes have been implemented with a view to bringing the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes to a level of well-being comparable with that of other sections of the population. Despite the competing claims of other developmental sectors on the limited financial resources hitherto available, a significant investment has been made on such supplementary schemes. The pace of social change has quickened since Independence and educational and economic standards have improved; traditional social barriers have visibly crumbled, particularly in urban and industrialised areas. No reasonable person can claim that the social, educational and economic position of any non-scheduled easte or tribe has, during the past decade, deteriorated to such an extent as to justify a fresh claim for special treatment in relation to the rural masses of India. In spite of this obvious position, we have witnessed the extraordinary phenomenon, which had been noticed earlier by the Kalelkar Commission, the Dhebar Commission and the Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, of castes and communities solemnly setting forth their desire to be considered backward and included in the Schedules for special treatment. In several States, we have come across a multitude of organisations of castes and tribes, a few even at the all India level,

whose main object is to secure or retain a place in the lists of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. The motivation for the growth of such organisations arises from what may be called the very attractive "package deal" of special facilities and benefits that are provided for communities included in the Schedules. The more advanced communities regard the reservation of seats in the Legislatures as the most attractive of these facilities; considerable interest is also displayed in the reserved seats in Panchayati Raj institutions at various levels, and seats in other local bodies. One Scheduled Caste political leader from a northern State said candidly that he would be prepared to forego economic and other development benefits if special political rights were guaranteed, because once political rights were acquired, anything they desired would follow. The really backward communities, however, look forward to the reservations and other facilities for recruitment to the services, educational concessions and benefits of economic development schemes, and are not concerned with political privileges.

h(#

40

and the

a cultification of

beyond to the

14. It has been in evidence for some time that a lion's share of the various benefits and concessions earmarked for the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes is appropriated by the numerically larger and politically well organised communities. The smaller and more backward communities have tended to get lost in democratic processes, though most deserving of special aid. Though there is no escape from the larger and politically more conscious groups asserting themselves in the political field, it appears to us that, in matters of planning and development, distribution of benefits needs to be focussed on the more backward and smaller groups on a selective basis. At one stage we thought of suggesting separation of political rights from developmental benefits but we are not making the suggestion since the political reservations are due to disappear shortly and since the idea cannot also be implemented within the present framework of the Constitution. We would, instead, suggest that the various castes and tribes in the lists should be administratively classified or categorised so as to give higher priority in planning and development to the more needy, and lower priority for the comparatively advanced. In view of the limitation of time, we have not been able to make the classification or categorisation and we leave the task to be undertaken by the Department of Social Security in consultation with the State Governments.

15. While we appreciate the necessity of providing special assistance for the uplift of the Scheduled Castes and the Sche-

duled Tribes until they rise to the average stratum of society, we regret to note that the listing of these castes and tribes has more or less created vested interests and has tended to damp to some extent personal effort and enterprise to improve one's position and fortune. Inclusion in the lists is regarded more as a coveted prize than as a reflection of backwardness. While a large number of requests for inclusion in the lists were pressed before us, we had only one instance of a request for exclusion from the lists on the ground that inclusion in the lists operates as a stigma. The Constitution does not provide for the total liquidation of these lists at any time but prominent social workers, political leaders outside the fold of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and a large number of officials whom we met in the course of our inquiry asserted that, in the interests of national integration and in view of the changes which have taken place during the last 15 years, the time has come to do away gradually with these privileged classes, particularly in view of the increasing demand for inclusion therein, and to organise developmental schemes without reference to eastes or tribes. The least that should be done, we were told, is to fix a time limit for the currency of the lists. In any case, the consensus of opinion expressed before us has been that the emphasis should be on the emphasis all elimination of the larger and more advanced communitie from these lists, and on focussing greater attention on the real, backward sections, preferably by applying an economic yardstick. After considering the observations of the Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in his Reports for the years 1956-57 and 1957-58, an authoritative pronouncement in the matter has been made by the Estimates Committee in its Fortyeighth Report for the year 1958-59 as follows :-

"While the Committee consider that it is desirable that preference be given to the less advanced among the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in provision of all facilities, they would like to observe that the tendency on the part of some castes and tribes to get themselves listed as backward merely to get concessions is undesirable and must be discouraged. In this connection, the Committee would like to reproduce below an extract from the Report of the Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes for 1956-57:—

be with the thought

Backwardness has a tendency to perpetuate itself and those who are listed as backward try to remain as such, due to various concessions and benefits they derive, and thus backwardness becomes a vested interest. 107. The Commissioner has suggested in his Report for 1957-58 that if the ultimate goal of classless and casteless society is to be attained, the list of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and even of Other Backward Classes will have to be reduced from year to year and replaced in duc course by a list based on the criteria of Income-cum-Merit.

Keeping in view the above recommendation and the requirements of article 46 of the Constitution, which cast special responsibility of safeguarding the interests of the weaker sections of society especially Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, the Committee recommend that weaker sections of society should be defined and criteria for special assistance laid down on the basis of economic status and educational and social backwardness. This would result in larger and larger sections of society passing out of the category requiring special assistance and enable them to attain social equality, while safeguarding the interests of those who are still in need of such special assistance."

In forwarding the Report of the Scheduled Areas and Scheduled

"Amongst tribals also we have been able to notice four different layers—we feel that at the base of these four layers is the class of tribals which is in an extremely underdeveloped stage, and, at the topmost levels among the tribals is the layer which can well afford to forego any further help."

30

* Helar 1

16 1 C

The Study Team on Social Welfare of Backward Classes has expressed the following views:

"The central idea is to introduce a gradation in the pattern of assistance to make sure that those economically less advanced among them get proportionalely higher benefits than those which are somewhat better off."

16. In view of the weighty views expressed above and in the interests of national integration, we feel that the time has come when the question of descheduling of relatively advanced communities should receive serious and urgent consideration. Consistently with this approach, several persons who appeared before us, including some eminent social workers, brought the following communities to our notice, which, in their opinion, are relatively advanced and could forthwith be descheduled:

State		VIII	Caste	Tribe		
Andhra Pradesh			Mala	¥		
Assam		+ +	Jhalo-malo Jalia Kaibartta Dhupi	Jaintia Kachari Khasi Kuki Mizo (Lusei)		
Bihar	5	\$ Y	Chamar Dhobi			
Gujarat .	,		Vankar			
Kerala		+ +	Vannan Mannan Perumannan Velan			
Madhya Pradesh	40		Chamar Jatav Satnami Mahar	Bhilala Rajgond		
Madras .	2.5	. !-	Mannan Volan Vannan	. V. L. V. O. M. W.		
Maharashtra .	20	37 N	Mahar	Mahadeo Koli Kokna		
Mysore	*	24 1	Bhovi	25.54.52		
Nagaland .			Same Sagala	Kachari Kuki Naga	3	
a-Oriesa		+	Dhoba	Bhottada Bhumia		
Aug-			Chamar		140	
Punjab .			Chamar			
Littar Pradesh	*	* *	Dhobi			
West Bengal	٠		Dhoba Namasudra Rajbanshi Sunri			

17. Some of the State Governments concerned, however, do not favour exclusion of these communities from the lists; strong representations have also been made by or on behalf of the affected communities for their retention. Some of the communities are in strategic border areas. In these circumstances and also as we have not been able to make a closer investigation into the conditions of these communities in the short time at our disposal, we are unable to make a specific recommendation in regard to these communities.

L3Depti. of SS/65-2

CHAPTER III

REVISION OF LISTS

18. Our general approach in reviewing the existing lists has been brought out in the preceding Chapter; at the present transi-tional stage in the social structure, it is just not possible or even desirable to evolve a completely uniform pattern for the lists of various States and Union Territories. The scope for the rearrangement of the lists in a rational and scientific manner is also limited. The case of each cast and tribe has to be examined in detail on its own merits and in relation to specific local, social and historical factors prevalent in different parts of the country.

Area Limitations

- 19. The present lists of Schedule Car es and Scheduled Tribes have been drawn up separately for each State and train Terrihave been drawn up separately for each State and Terris-tory. In the lists for many States, such Assam, Madina Pradesh, Maharashtra and Kerala, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes have been specified with reference to certain localities (usually Districts or Tehsils) within the State. The result is that no person can legally be regarded as a member of a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe for the purposes of the Constitution unless he belongs to the listed easte or tribe, and also resides in the specified localities within the afore-ai, states. This has no doubt led to anomalous results; members of the same caste or tribe from the ethonological or social point of vice are deprived of the special privileges and benefits merely been they reside in different States or different parts of the same tate.
- 20. This anomaly has its origin the lists prepared under the Government of India Act. 1935. The territorial restrictions were then probably introduced either because the social disabilities attached to certain castes and ti hes were appreciably more distinctive in particular localities or because certain castes and tribes were found to be concentrate. In appreciable numbers only in the specified localities.
- 21. There has been considerable criticism, both within Parlia-ment and outside, that such "area restrictions" operate as a clog

on social mobility as the communities concerned would confine themselves to the specified areas lest they lose the special privileges and benefits by moving out. It is rightly pointed out that, consistenly with the policy of social integration, the tribes in particular should be encouraged to abandon their isolation and freely intermix with the rest of the population. Another argument, which has considerable force, is that as a result of the spread of education, many boys and girls of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes who have attained secondary or university levels of education have, in the absence of adequate educational facilities nearer their homes, to migrate to regional cities or Stat, headquarters or even outside the State to prosecute studies in higher educational institutions of their choice. We are happy to report that every State and Union Territory in India has, appreciating these considerations, agreed to removal of the area restrictions generally.

22. In some States, however, there are two socially distinct communities bearing the same name, but only one of them has been found to be deserving of inclusion in the list. There are also a few cases where members of an ethnological group residing in certain areas of a State have to be included in the list, but members of the same group residing in the remaining areas of a State are not eligible for such inclusion. In these two situations, we are constrained to maintain the principle of area restrictions. Fortunately, such cases are few and, by and large, we have been able to remove area restrictions. It may incidentally be mentioned that specification of castes and tribes in the lists with area restrictions has been held by the Supreme Court not to be ultrativities the Constitution (vide, Bhaiyalal v. Harikishan Singh and Ors: Civil Appeal No. 765 of 1964, decided on the 5th February, 1965. Unreported).

23. In the few cases where it has been found necessary to retain area restrictions, we have been informed that hardship is not likely to be caused to students persuing higher studies outside the prescribed localities as, even at present, educational concessions and scholarships have been extended to such students by the issue of administrative instructions. Wherever possible, we have also reduced the limiting effect of area restrictions by adopting a new formula for listing the tribe or caste in question. For example, where we have said "Caste A of District X", a member of Caste A hailing from District X would be eligible to be treated as belonging to a Scheduled Caste throughout the State.

CT.

24. The second term of reference to the Committee requires us to advise whether, where a caste or a tribe is listed as a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe in relation to a particular State or Union Territory, members of that Caste or Tribe residing in other States and Union Territories should be recognised as belonging to a Scheduled Caste or to a Scheduled Tribe, as the case may be. In simpler language, the question would be whether, instead of Statewise lists, there should be an all-India list of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. From the Constitutional point of view, such an all-India list is not feasible; articles 341 and 342 require specification of castes and tribes "with respect to any State or Union Territory" and envisage Statewise lists. Accordingly, if a member of a caste scheduled ir State A migrates to State B, he cannot be regarded as belonging a Scheduled Caste unless his caste is scheduled in State B : so. The specification of that easte as a Scheduled Caste in State B would depend upon the local conditions. However, the estuation is not so serious as to call for an amendment of the constitution. We have found that, apart from tea plantation abour and displaced persons from Pakistan, whose cases are considere.' senarately later in this report, the inter-State mobility of members of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes has not so far been of mass dimensions and is restricted to individuals. It often happens, however, that a few tribal communities inhabit a hill or a forest region, part of which falls within one State and part in another adjoining State. In such cases, we have made sure that the lists of Scheduled Tribes of both such States include the names of these communities if they are found in appreciable numbers on both sides of border. Among the Scheduled Castes. there are certain migrant communities such as PRADHI and SANSI, which already figure in the lists of all the States where they are found in appreciable numbers; similarly, members of the sweeper class are scheduled throughout India under various synonyms. Students of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes from some of the eastern States, particularly Assam and Nagaland, have to study in higher educational institutions in other States; but this has not resulted in any hardship because the State concerned sponsors and finances its students, though studying in other States. We are, therefore, of the opinion that there is no pressing need for doing away with the present practice of Statewise listing of Scheduled Castes and Schedule Tribe. shough the practice does operate as a handicap to a few individuals.

Inclusion of communities

25. In view of our approach indicated in the preceding Chapter, we have been strict in making new additions to the lists and have included thereon afresh only a very limited number of castes and tribes, after convincing ourselves that they fully satisfy the criteria, and have in the past been somehow overlooked. Such cases are listed at Appendix IV.

Exclusions

V. most of which were proposed by the State Governments themselves, have been agreed to; these communities, we are satisfied, had previously been included by mistake, and do not answer to the basic criteria. The State Government had very little local information regarding some of the tribes and castes when the lists were originally drawn up in 1950 and revised in 1956. It is only during the past five or six years, after the Tribal Research Institutes were established, that they were able to gathe data. The Government of Orissa have proposed exclusion of seven tribes from the list; the proposal has been, however, stoutly opposed, particularly by two members of Parliament. The Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes has recommended their exclusion, while the social scientists in the Registrar-General's office feel that while these are border-line cases, they would favour their retention. We have gained the impression that two of these tribes, InfOTTADA and BHUMIYA, are comparatively advanced, but the having sufficient time to make a close study of these tribes and in view of the conflicting ideas expressed before us, we are mable to make a specific recommendation in regard to these mmunities.

27. We found a number of communities in the Schedules each State, for which no population was returned at the 1961 Census. We have taken out of the lists such communities after verifying, in consultation with the State Governments, that these communities have not in fact come to the notice of the local administrators. Most State Governments have also agreed that tribes and castes not found in viable numbers should be removed from the lists. In the case of a Scheduled Tribes, it may be safely assumed that tribal characteristics cease to exist when the number of tribals living in a State is less than 100, the more so if even this small number is spread over several districts. To

cite an example, the population returned in the State of Madras for the KONDA REDDI tribe was 8. Of this, 3 were working as labourers in Madras city, while the rest were spread over two other districts. It would be reasonable to infer in such cases that these small groups have got assimilated with the general population; in any case, it would be very difficult administratively to trace these individuals with a view to afford them special assistance. As for education, no hardship is likely to be caused because of the introduction of free and compulsory education.

28. In the case of the Scheduled Castes, social disabilities arising from the traditional practice of untouchability are likely to be felt even if the population of an affected community within a State is less than 100. It is, however, obvious that if there is a community with a population of less than 10 seattered in various parts of a State, there is no justification for regarding it as a community, and the disabilities arising out of uncachability would in practice be non-existent. We have, therefore adopted a population of 10 as the minimum limit in each State 1 and community continuing in the list of Scheduled Castes. As a case of the Scheduled Tribes, no hardship is likely to be case of this account.

Denotified and Nomadic Tribes

100

29. In the lists of almost every State, the names of several 'denotified tribes' and 'nomadic tribes' have been included, some in the 1st of Scheduled Tribes and some in the list of Scheduled Castes We found that the same tribes-it would be more scientific to refer to them as communities-have all theen often included in the administrative lists of denotived and nomadic tribe- in the list by the State Government- for sp. ... I treatment. r example. Another in tally is that the same community PARDIH) i listed as a Scheduled Tribe it is S. 10 (0.2. Machya Pracash and Muharashtra), while at neir bouring Stat. (c. , K. jasthan) it is listed as a Schedul. Care. This anomalous classification appears to have had a origin in the fact that members of the denotified and next the ce munities possess a complex combination of tribal character ... traditional unto the filtry, remadic traits, and an anti-s of heritige. We find that no special and detailed study of these commenties has been undertaken during the past fifteen years our discussions with the State Governments, however, revealed that the type of development schemes usually designed for Sch. daled Castes and Scheduled Tribes have not benefited the denoted and nomadic

rate:

12,00

tribes to any significant extent because of their relatively small numbers, and their tendency to be constantly on the move. It is also clear that while these communities may possess some of the characteristics usually associated with the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, the dominant factors which govern their life are their anti-social heritage and tendency to move from place to place in small groups. We are inclined to feel that it would be in the best interests of these communities if they are taken out from the lists of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and treated exclusively as a distinctive group, with development schemes specially designed to suit their dominant characteristics. However, it was brought to our notice that some of the denotified communities such as BAGRI and PASI have, during the past ten years, settled down to normal agriculture and deserve to be secated differently from other communities such as the KANJAR who still have an affinity for crime and flair for nomadic life. Again, the tendency towards crime and, to a lesser extent, the nomadic trait, apparently varies from one community to another; it is also said that the small number of some of the denotified communities who still resort to crime have to be treated differently from other members of the same community who are inclined to settle down peacefully. In the absence of adequate information, and due to the limitation on our time, we are not in a position to decide on merits the cases of individual communities. have, therefore, no option but to maintain the status quo ante. inggest that the present anomalous position regarding the stated and nomadic tribes, who could more properly be a communities rather than tribes, should be rectified soon as possible after a detailed investigation.

Displaced Persons

30. A considerable number of displaced persons who have come over to India from East Pakistan during the past five years consist of members of castes which are scheduled in West Bengal.

Most of them are NAMASUDRAS, with a sprinkling of other most of them are NAMASUDRAS, with a sprinkling of other castes such as RAJBANSHI, SUNRI, CHAMAR and fishermen. They have been resettled in agricultural colonies newly established in the States of Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Orissa etc. The largest settlements are in Dandarashtra, Orissa etc. The largest settlements are in Dandarashtra, Union of these settlements are in the heart of tribal areas. Investigations conducted by the Assistant Commissioners for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in various States indicate that, in view of their concentration in view surroundings and close association with other displaced persons, social

disabilities arising from untouchability are practically nonexistent as between the various communities of displaced persons on the one hand, and as between them and the neighbouring indigenous population on the other. Again, as displaced persons, these communities are receiving substantial benefits under rehabilitation schemes, on a scale better than those normally afforded to the Scheduled Castes in the States concerned. In these circumstances, we consider that it would be a retrograde step to enforce a caste distinction amongst displaced persons who have taken to a new way of life. All the State Governments concerned have supported this view.

Tea Plantation Labour

- 31. During the past 60 years or more, a large number of SANTALS, MUNDAS, ORAONS and GONDS from Bihar. Orissa and Madhya Pradesh have migrated seasonally, and sometimes settled permanently as plantation labour in the tea gardens of North Bengal, Assam, M. Appl and Tripura. The number of people involved is approximately 20 lakhs.
- 32. The question whether such migrant tribes should be treated as Scheduled Tribes in their new habitat has engaged the attention of the Government of India and various committees set up by them in the past. The Backward Classes Commission was of the opinion that "these groups are quite backward socially and educationally and should be included in the list of Other Backward Classes". Similarly, the Scheduled Areas and Scheduled Tribes Commission did not insist on immigrant tribal labour being regarded as Scheduled Tribes; the Chairman of the Commission, in his letter forwarding the Report, has stated that "in our opinion assistance is needed in order to enable it to maintain contacts with its home and, more especially maintain its way of life".
- as we are inclined to agree with the opinion previously expressed and do not recommend the tea plantation tribal labour to be treated as Scheduled Tribes. Apart from the fact that the Government of Assam has consistently opposed any change in their status on the ground that it would seriously disturb the local political picture, we are reliably given to understand that in recent years, the economic standard of the average immigrant labourer, who is in receipt of regular wages and the protection afforded by special law, is far better than that of indigenoutribal communities in the plains of Assam. It has also been

reported that settlers in the tea estates have tended to lose their tribal characteristics in the new surroundings, and that special educational assistance is already being extended to them.

Scientific Grouping of Communities

34. Hitherto, no systematic attempt appears to have been made to list castes and tribes in the scheduled according to generic names, synonyms and sub-groups. With the cooperation of the office of the Registrar-General of Census, the State Governments, Tribal Research Institutes and some others who appeared before us, we have been able to rearrange the lists of individual States scientifically; an attempt has also been made to ensure that lists of neighbouring States follow a coordinated and scientific pattern. A few difficulties have arisen in such classification because social scientists are inclined to follow the classification adopted over fifty years ago in standard works such as those by Thurston and Ibbotson, while the administrators prefer to follow the current factual position and status as known to the local officers. Even in such difficult cases, we have usually been able to produce an acceptable solution.

35. Recent decisions of the Supreme Court have given rise to a problem concerning the listing of synonyms, phonetic variations, sub-tribes and sub-castes. In the past, the Departments concerned in the Government of India and the State Governments were acting on the view that if a main caste or tribe is specified, all groups, sub-castes or sub-tribes within that caste or tribe are automatically included, and that the groups, sub-castes and sub-tribes need not be separately specified. However, on an analysis of the lists, the Supreme Court came to a different conclusion. In Civil Appeal No. 401 of 1964 (B. Basavalingappa v. D. Munichinnappa and others), decided on the 23rd September, 1964, the Supreme Court observed:

"It may be accepted that it is not open to make any modification in the Order by producing evidence to show (for example) that though caste A alone is mentioned in the Order, caste B is also a part of caste A and therefore must be deemed to be included in caste A. It may also be accepted that wherever one caste has another name it has been mentioned in brackets after it in the Order: [See: Arya (Mala), Dakkal (Dokkalwar etc.]. Therefore, generally speaking it would not be open to any person to lead evidence to establish that caste B (in the example quoted above) is part of caste A notified in the Order".

This view is reiterated in the subsequent decision in Bhaiyalal v. Harikishan Singh and others (supra). The present lists enumerate some synonyms, sub-castes and sub-tribes only, either, sub-castes and sub-tribes only, either separately or under the main caste or tribe; but in the light of these rulings, it would be necessary to include in the lists of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes a comprehensive compendium of all local synonyms, phonetic variations, sub-castes and sub-tribes for each caste and tribe. It would indeed be a and sub-tribes for each caste and tribe. It would indeed be a lists of all sub-groups and synonyms. It is to be noted that the lists of all sub-groups and synonyms. It is to be noted that the lists of all sub-groups and sub-groups are known vary from district to district and even from area to area within a district. Moreover, there is a tendency for castes and sub-groups to give themselves new and fanciful names from time to groups to give themselves new and fanciful names from time to time, and resent being called by any other name. As a result of time, and resent being called by any other name. As a result of time, and resent being called by any other name. As a result of time, and resent being called by any other name of the more important groups and sub-groups, but to get over the difficult resulting tant groups and sub-groups, but to get over the difficult resulting from the rulings of the Supreme Court, we suggest that in modificult resulting that a caste or a tribe specified in the list shall be deemed as a caste or a tribe specified in the list shall be deemed to be a called all its synonyms, phonetic variations, sub-castes and a caste or a tribe specified in the list shall be deemed to be a caste or a tribe specified in the list shall be deemed to be a caste or a tribe specified in the list shall be deemed to be a caste or a tribe specified in the list shall be deemed to be a caste or a tribe specified in the list shall be deemed to be a caste or a tribe specified in the list

36. There was a heterogeneous mixture of singular and plural terminology in the existing lists. To the extent possible, we have uniformally adopted the masculine singular terminology, we have uniformally adopted the masculine singular terminology.

The Tribes of Assam and the Eastern border States

status to the hill districts of Assam, and the North East Frontier Agency. The Union Territory of Manipur has tribal communities which are akin to those in Nagaland and adjoining areas of A. m. Geographically, these areas are situated along the intrnational borders with Pakistan, Burma and China; this community them with a strategic complex.

38. Prominent amongst the tribes inhabiting the area are the lines (Mizo), Naga and Kuki; groups of the same tribes are the found in the adjoining tribal areas of East Pakistan and

39. For about a century, foreign religious missions have heen active in these areas and from the British days the tribes have been enjoying distinctive treatment. The literacy rates are

very high—44 per cent in the case of Mizo (Lusei). The tribul areas of Assam have been excluded from the operation of the normal laws, including those relating to taxation. Vast amounts have been invested for economic development. The average economic level of a tribe of these areas is generally admitted to be much higher than that in a comparable area elsewhere in the country. Politically, these tribes are fully conscious.

40. For some years, the Nagas have tended to consolidate their ranks; in the case of the kukis, however, a splintering tendency has been noticeable—sub-groups and even clans visit to establish themselves as distinct entities in the political and social structure.

41. In Assam, it has been the practice, because of the Sinth Schedule to the Constitution, to discriminate between the Scheduled Tribes of the hill areas and those of the plains districts: the five year development plans have a distinct bias in favour of the hill tribes in spite of the fact that the educational and economic levels of the plains tribals are admittedly much lower than those of hill tribes. In Tripura, the social grouping is in a settled state and the problems there are related not so much to tribals as to the displaced persons migrating from East Pakistan.

42. It is clear that in the educational, political, social and economic fields, many of the tribes in Nagaland, Manipur and in most of the hill districts of Assam have attained levels which cannot be reached by the other tribes of India for many years to come; comparison between them is, therefore, ruled out. one stage, we thought it would be useful to have the tribes on the eastern borders listed separately. However, we feel that me view of the unique features of these border areas, it will not be advisable, at the present stage, to embark on such a mea-ur. We held a joint meeting with representatives from Assam, NEI A Nagaland and Manipur to examine whether the lists pertaining to these States and areas could be mutually coordinated. The representatives of NEFA and Nagaland indicated that specimetion of individual tribes or sub-tribes would cause difficult. . . they urged the adoption of a general discription—"all indicences tribes of NEFA" and "all tribes of Nagaland". As article 3.12 of the Constitution requires the specification of "tribes or trib." communities or parts of or groups within tribes or tribal communities", a general description of the type suggested above is likely to raise legal complications. The Assam representative expressed himself generally in favour of specification of the larger

groups and removal of the area restrictions for the bills and plains tribes; he was, however, unable to commit his Government to these views.

43. In view of this highly complex situation, the Committee has been obliged to revise and coordinate the lists on the basis of available facts rather than ideological considerations.

Rejections

castes and tribes in the lists. A list of such castes and tribes appears at Appendix VI. We are not satisfied, for various reasons, that these castes and tribes should be given a place in 44. We had to reject certain proposals for inclusion of some the lists.

Revised Lists

44-A. The complete list of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, as revised by us, appears at Appendix VII. Traba in talking by

Liter on Population

t . " now has here in

Effect on Population

45. We have tried to assess the effect of our revision of the lists of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes on their recorded population. According to the 1961 Census, the population of Scheduled Castes was approximately 65 millions and that of the Scheduled Tribes about 30 millions. (Incidentally, both these together constitute over 21 per cent of the total population of lodia.) After taking into consideration the population of castes India.) After taking into consideration the population of castes and tribes excluded from the revised lists, and on an estimate of the population of castes and tribes added to these lists, there will the population of castes and tribes added to these lists, diele with not be any appreciable change in the population of the Scheduled Castes, while the population of Scheduled Tribes will increase by a little less than two millions.

CHAPTER IV

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

46. In revising the lists of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, we have excluded some castes and tribes. These excluded castes and tribes are already enjoying certain educational, economic and other developmental benefits. We are of the view that they should not be deprived of these benefits abruptly; in particular, we consider that members of these castes and tribes whe are participating in scholarship schemes should not be suddenly denied their scholarship benefits, thereby compelling them to give up their education. We would recommend that the benefits enjoyed by the excluded castes and tribes should be gradually withdrawn in a phased manner.

47. There are some communities which, though not strictly eligible to be treated as Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, deserve special assistance. It would not be sufficient to treat them merely as "Other Backward Classes" as they require larger aid than is provided to Other Backward Classes. The communities which we have in mind are the Gujjar, Gaddi and Banjara communities.

48. In the course of the revision of the lists, we have at times adopted local names and synonyms and altered the spelling state castes and tribes. These nominal changes should not affect continuation of privileges and benefits to those castes and tribes subjected to such changes. It would be for the State Governments to ensure that the castes and tribes whose names are altered in the revised list are not denied the benefits they were previously entitled to. The State Governments should be advised to issued necessary instructions to the appropriate authorities.

49. We have advised that where a caste or a tribe is mentioned in the lists by its generic name, it should be deemed to include all its synonyms, phonetic variations, sub-castes or subtribes, as the case may be. We have no doubt enumerated in some cases the sub-castes and sub-tribes but such an enumeration is imperfect and is not exhaustive for want of complete data. The State Governments should collect the necessary information and

try to prepare a comprehensive list of sub-castes and sub-tribes and give such lists wide publicity. Such lists are necessary for the guidance of local officials and non-officials authorised to issue caste and tribe certificates; they will also prove very useful for the proper enumeration of sub-groups of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes at the next census.

50. As his been pointed out in an earlier Chapter, it is imperative that the more advanced communities in the lists are gradually descheduled. To accelerate the pace of descheduling. a dead-line to a perhaps be fixed when the lists of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are totally dispensed with. In our opinion, it is eath by such a process that we can bring about complete integration of the population. In order to weed out the advanced castes and tribes from the lists in times to come. it is necessary that an intensive survey be undertaken to ascertain the social, educational and economic progress made by each of the Schedul of Castes and Scheduled Tribes from time to time. The task will, no doubt, be stupendous and expensive but it is only through such periodic surveys that the results of the various development schemes can be correctly ascertained. We would suggest, in this connection, that the possibility of the Census and National Sample Survey authorities assisting in this task may be explored. Incidently, the Census authorties, might, as we have done, endeavour to record and refer to the castes and tribes by names by which they are commonly and locally known in their respective areas. Nomenclature such as "BISON HORN MADIA" adopted by anthropoligists and outsiders is now out of place, and expressions like "CHANDALA" are terms of contempt which might well be dispensed with.

CHAPTER V

APPRECIATION

the a-sistance received by us from various quarters but for which we would not have been able to submit this report within the given time. We sincerely thank the State Governments, the Administrators of Union Territories and their representatives for the unstinted cooperation and assistance offered by them, as well as for the courtesies and facilities extended by them during our visits to their headquarters. We are particularly grateful to the State Chief Ministers and Ministers, Members of Parliament and of State Legislatures who found time to discuss the problem with us. We also wish to acknowledge the assistance given by the Commissioner and Deputy Commissioners for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and the Registrar General of Census I: would be invidious to mention names but the help rendered to Dr. Roy Burman, of the Registrar-General's Office, has been great that he needs special mention. We acknowledge gratefully the trouble taken by other non-official individuals and organisations who made it convenient to meet the Committee and provide a good deal of valuable information.

52. Finally, we wish to place on record the work of the staff attached to the Committee. They had often to labour for long hours and work on Sundays and holidays. In particular, we wish to record our appreciation of the valuable services rendered by Saravashri M. P. Rodrigues and O. R. Srinivasan.

(B. N. LOKUR) Chairman

(A. D. PANDE)

Member

(N. SUNDARAM)

Member-Secretary

New Delhi. 25th August, 1965.

25

L3Deptt. of SS/65-3

APPENDIX I

List of Orders in force under Articles 341 and 342 of the Constitution

- 1. The Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1950.
- The Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Order, 1950.
- 3. The Constitution (Schröuled Castes) (Part C States) Order, 1951.
- 4. The Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) (Part C States) Order, 1951.
- 5. The Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Orders (Amendment)
 Act, 1956.
- The Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Lists (Modification) Order, 1956.
- 7. The Constitution (Jammu and Kashmir) Scheduled Castes Order,
- The Constitution (Andamas and Nicobar Islands) Scheduled Tribes Order, 19. 1.
- 9. The Bombay Reorganisation Act, 1960.
- 40. The Constitution (Dadra and Nagar Haveli) Schoduled Castes Order, 1962.
- 11. The Constitution (Dadra and Nagar Haveli) Scheduled Tribes Order, 1962.
- 12. The Constitution (Pondicherry) Scheduled Castes Order, 1964.

MARIE THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY.

APPENDIX II

No. F.12/3/65-SCT. IV Government of India Department of Social Security

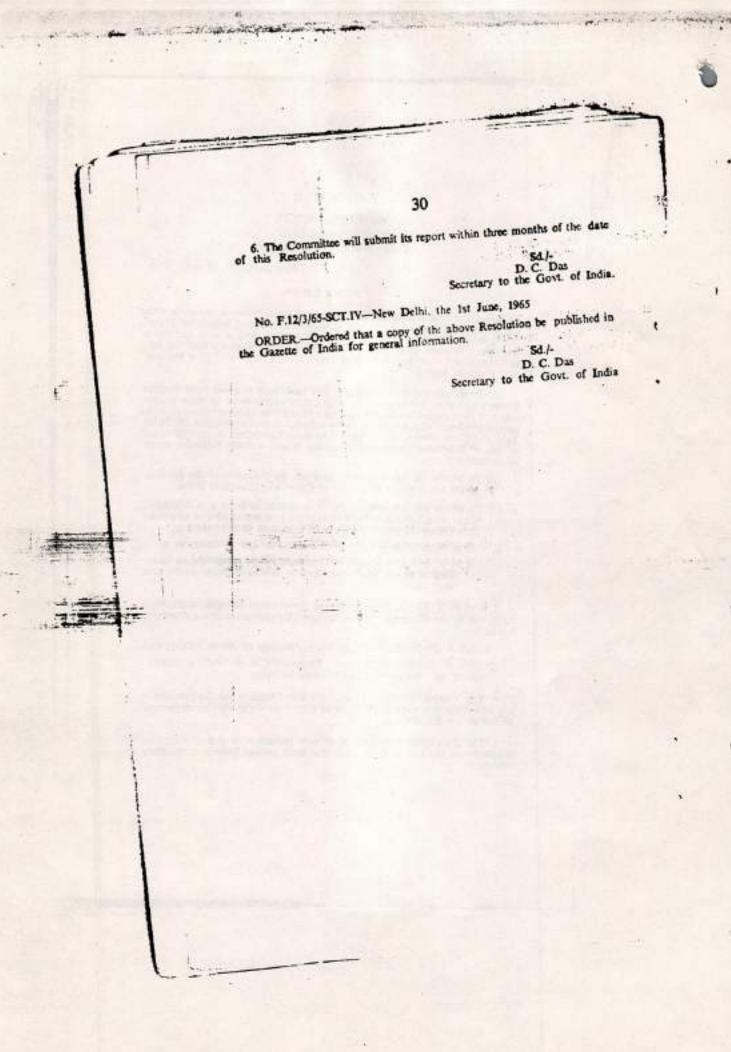
New Delhi, the 1st June, 1965

The State And The State of the

RESOLUTION

The Government of India have had under consideration for some time the question of revising the lists of scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. The present lists do not show a uniform pattern, and several anomalies have been brought to notice. It is, therefore, very necessary that the lists of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes abould be revised in a rational and scientific manner.

- 2. Proposals for revision of the lists have been received from various States and Union Territories. A preliminary examination of these proposals has been completed and it has been found that there are several controversial issues which require to be settled. The Government of India have therefore decided to set up an Advisory Committee on the Revision of lists of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, with the following terms of reference:—
 - (1) To advise on the proposal, received by Government for revision of the existing lists of 2 od Castes and Scheduled Tribes.
 - (2) To advise whether, where caste or a tribe is listed as a Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Trib: in relation to a particular area in a State or a Union Territory, members of that caste or tribe residing:—
 - (i) in other areas within the same State or Union Territory; or
 - (iii) in other States or Union Territories should be recognised as belonging to the Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe, as the case may be.
- 3. Shri B. N. Lokur, Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Law, will be the Chairman of the Advisory Committee, and the Members will be :--
 - (1) Shri A. D. Pande, Join Secretary, Ministry of Home Affairs; and
 - (2) Shri N. Sundaram Director, Backward Classes Welfare, Department of Social Security, Member-Secretary.
- 4. The Chairman Member and Member-Secretary of the Committee will undertake this work in addition to their own duties in their respective Ministries or Department.
- 5. The Committee will regulate us own procedure, and may visit, or depute one or more of its members to visit such parts of India as it considers necessary.



APPENDIX III

List of persons who appeared before the Committee

LIST I-OPTICIALS

۸-	Government of India Offic	ials			Commissioner for Scheduled
	1. Shri Anil K. Chanda			٠	New Delhi.
	2. Shri Vimal Chandra				Deputy Commissioner for Scheduled Castes & Scheduled Tribes, New Delhi.
	3. Shri L. N. Rao		*		Deputy Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and Schedul- ed Tribes, Hyderabad.
	4. Shri B. D. Pugh .			£	Deputy Commissioner for Scheduled Castes & Scheduled Tribes, Shillong.
	5, Sh. R. Yasuf Ali				Deputy Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, Jorhat.
	6. Shri P. C. Dave .				Deputy Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, Baroda.
	7. Shri K. V. Kumaran	7	5 • S		Deputy Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, Trivandrum
	8. Shri R. Subramaniam				Deputy Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, Madras.
	9, Shri S. L. Dubey		*:	3	Deputy Commissioner for Scheduled Castes Scheduled Tribes, Poona.
	10. Shri B. C. Channara	ja Ur	1.	*	Deputy Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, Bangalore.
	11. Shri C. B. Tripathi		*		Deputy Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and Sche- duled Tribes, Chandigarh.
	12. Shri A. Chandrasekh	sar			Office on Special Duty, Office of the Registrar General, India

APPENDIX III-contd.

13. Dr. B. K. Roy Burman

TO THE PERSON AND THE PERSON OF THE PERSON O

Officer on Special Duty (SCT), Office of the Registrar General of India.

E. Person

to the terms of

Depice S

Property.

B-State Government Officials

ANDHRA PRADESH

- Shri Bhagwan Dus . . Secretary, Education & Social Welfare Department.
- 2. Shri B. R. K. Shastri . . . Director, Social Welfare Department.
- 3. Shri Kamala Menoher Rao . . . Joint Director, Social Welfare . . . Department.

ASSAM & NEFA

- Secretary, Tribal Areas & Welfare of Backward Classes,
 Relief and Rehabilitation, and
 Cooperation Departments.
- 2. Shri B. N. Das . . . Deputy Secretary, Tribal Areas & Welfare of Backward Classes Department.
- 3. Shri K. N. Sharma . . . Chief Secretary, NEFA Administration.
- 4. Shri M. D. Tyagi . . . Deputy Secretary NEFA Administration.

BIHAR

- I. Shri S. K. Ghosh . . . Secretary, Welfare Department.
- 2. Shri K. K. Srivastava . . . Secretary, Appointment Department.

GUJARAT

- I. Shri M. D. Rajpal . . . Secretary, Education & Labour Department.
- 2. Shri B. B. Brahmabhat . Deputy Secretary, :; Education . & Labour Department.
- 4. Shri C. P. Patel . . . Director of Social Welfare.
- 5. Shri B. G. Parmar . . . Deputy Director of Social Welfare.
- 6. Shri V. J. Kuruwa . . . Deputy Director of Social Welfare.

APPENDEX III -- comid. JAMMU & KASHMIR

- Social Welfare . Secretary. 1. Shri Teja Singh . Department.
- . Director, Social Welfare. 2. Shri R. N. Warku

KERALA

- 1. Shri R. Gopalaswamy . . . Secretary, Revenue Depart-
- . Director, Harijan Welfare. 2. Shri K. V. Ramakrishna Iyer . Deputy Director, Harijan 3. Shri Raghava Panicker .

Welfare.

- MADILYA PRADESH Welfare Tribal . Secretary, 1. Shri B. K. Dubey Department.
- Director, Tribal Research Institute, Chindwada, 2. Dr. T. B. Naik .
- . Under Secretary, Tribal Welfare 3. Shri Ram Prasad Department.

MADEAS

- . Secretary, Home Department. 1. Shri A. Venkatesan . Director, Harijan Welfare. 2. Shri K. S. Sivasubramaniam . Deputy Secretary, Home De-3. Shri Razak Hussain . . partment.
 - MAHARASHTRA
- Education and . Secretary, Education and Social Welfare Department. 1. Shri M. V. Deo
- . Deputy Secretary, Education and Social Welfare Deptt. 2. Shri K. J. Save .
- . . . Director, Social Welfare. 3. Shri S. A. Shindo

MYSOTT

- . Secretary, Planning, Housing & Social Welfare Depart-1. Shri M. K. Venkateshan ment.
- . Deputy Secretary, Housi Housing 2. Shri D. Nag Sethi
- . Director, Social Welfare. 3. Shri Zafar Saifullah
- . Evaluation Officer. 4. Shri M. Manikatte
- . Assistant Director, Social Welfare. 5. Shri K. M. Koti

The secretary to the property of the secretary of the sec

APPROXIX III-contd.

ORISSA

1. Shri A. K. Berren				Chief Secretary.
				Addl. Chief Secretary.
2. Shri R. P. Padhi		-	100	Secretary Tribal Welfare.
3. Shri B. G. Patnaik	.5	(*)		Secretary Tribus to the Welfare
4. Shri G. N. Das .		0.00	4	Joint Secretary, Tribal Welfare.
				District Magistrate, Koraput.
5. Shri B. M. Padhi			30	District Magistrate, Pulbhani.
6. Capt. N. Mohanty	14			District Magnetical
7. Dr. A. Aiyappan			*	Head of Department of Anthro- pology.
8. Shri K. Mahapatra	+			Asstt. Director, Tribal Research Institute.
9. Shri Gopinath Moha	inty	•	50	Special Officer, Tribal Develop- ment Programme T & RW Department.

- 5 +

Turne No.

· Simplications.

PUNJAB

1. Shri G. S. Kahlon			Chief Secretary.		
2. Shri D. N. Dhir .		10	Deputy Secretary, Scheduled Tribes. Department.		

RAJASTHAN .

	1 KA	Abin		What is not to the second of t
1. Shri Vishnu Dutt Sh	arma			Secretary, Education and Social Welfare Department,
2. Shri B. Hooja			- 90	Deputy Secretary Special Welfare Department.
3. Shri Gulab Singh	1			Former Director, Social Welfare
4. Dr. V. B. Mathur		*	*	Deputy Supdt. of Census Operation.

UTTAR PRADISH

1. Shri R. K. Talwar	et.	70	Education, Harijan Welfare & Social Welfare Departments.
2. Shri K. N. Dhusiya			Director-cum-Deputy Secretary Harijan & Social Welfare.
3, Shri R. I. Verma	13		Under Secretary Harijan & Social Welfare.
4. Shri R. G. Nigam			Assistant Director, Harijan & Social Welfare.
	D	LHI	21.384
1. Shri Iqbal Singh			Development Commissioner.

APPENDEX III -conid.

Chairman, Public Relations 2. Shri Gopinath Aman Committee.

HIMACHAL PRADESH

- . Chief Secretary to Government, 1. Shri T. S. Negi . . Secretary, Welfure Deptt. 2, ShriB. S. Singh .
- . Director, Wall to Department. 3. Shri Bishan Das .

MANIPUR

1. Shri W. Ranbir Singh . . . Education Secretary.

TRIPURA

. . . Chief Secretary to Government. 1. Shri D. K. Guha . . . Additional District Magistrate. 2. Shri P. Roy

List 11-Non-OFFICIALS

- 1. Shri B. Anjanappa M.P.
- 2. Shri Chunni Lal, M.P.
- 3. Shri B. Mandal, M.P.
- 4. Shri Dahyabhai Naik, M.P.
- 5. Shri D. S. Patil, M.P.
- 6. Shri Hem Raj, M.P. .
- 7. Shri Mohan Naik, M.P.
- 8. Shrimati Savitri Nigam, M.P.
- A Doll Amer Singh, M.L.A. . President All India Depressed Classes League,
- 10. Shri H. C. Heda, M.P.
- 11. Shrimati B. Anjanappa, M.L.A. . Andhra Prad, sh
- 12. Shrimati Bani Bai, M.L.A. . . Uttar Pradesh.
- . Uttar Pradesh... 13. Shri Jas Ram, M.L.A. . .
- . Mysore. 14. Shri J. L. Kabadi, M.L.A. .
- . Uttar Pradesh. 15. Shri Hari Singh, M.L.A.
- . Uttar Pradesh. 16. Shri Chhedi Lal Sathi, M.L.C.
- President, Tami! Nad Desiya Salavai Tholdalar Sangam, Madras. 17. Shri M. Ethirajulu, M.L.C. .
- 18. Shri P, Lakshmana Rao, M.L.A. President. Agnikulashariya Mahasabha, Andhra Pradesh.
- . Gujarat. 19. Shri Nagjibhai Arya, M.L.A. 20. Shri Ram Pyrey, M.L.A. . . . Uttar Pradesh.

APPENDIX III - conid.

AFFENI	DIX 16	-	could.
21. Shri Ram Singh, M.L.A.			Uttar Pradesh.
22. Shri Ram Adhar Kannojiya,	M.L	.A.	Uttar Pradesh.
23. Shri Sul ham Lal, M.L.A.			Uttar Paudesh.
24. Shri S. Subbaya Naik, M.L.A			Mysore.
25. Shri A. Thavasi			President, Depressed Classes League, Kanyakumari.
26, Shri A. K. Kuppaswamy Pil	lai		Madras.
27. Shri Bhagirath Suratlal Sola	nkhi		Secretary, Khatik Uthan Sangh, Khairwari Bombay.
28. Shri Sarangadhara Pradhan,	M.L	A	Orissa.
29. Shri Banwari Lal Gaur		t	Secretary, Rajasthan Adim- Jati Sevak Sangh, Jaipur.
30, Shri Baldeo Singh Gond		-	Uttar Pradesh.
31. Snei Bulaki Ram Verma, E Ex-M.L.A.	x-M.	P	President All India Dhobi Mahasabha, Hardoi.
32. Shri Bodharam Dhularam			
33. Shri B. Muneppa .	*:		Joint Secretary, Andhra Pradesh Valmiki Association.
34. Shri Chalamadass .			Secretary, Andhra Pradesh, Harijanodharma Sangam,
35. Shri Chengala Rayudu			
-36. Shri Chandubhai Patel			Social Worker.
37, Shri Chandra Singh .			
38. Shri B. N. Chulukiya .	*		President Delhi State Welfare Association of the Most Backward Classes, New Delhi.
39. Shri C. A. Simkumariin			Chairman, Varnava Society Vellavoor, Chengana Cherrey.
40. Shri Damodaran	*	*	Secretary, Bharatiya Depressed Classes League, Member, Kerala Pradesh Congress Committee.
41. Shri Dharam Dev Shastri			Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh.
42. Shri D. R. Katheria .			Scheduled Caste Welfare Union, Agra.
43. Shri Debi Prasad .		+	President Delhi State Dhobi Mahasabha, New Delhi.
44. Shri Dal Chand Ram Singh	,		
45, Ch. B. S. Arya			General Secretary, Delhi Dhobi Sabha, New Delhi.
46. Shri E, Kannan, Ex. M.L.A	3.	1	Kerala.
47, Shri Dal Chand			Rajasthan Adivasi Saugh.
WATER STREET,			

APPOINT III—contd.

The second second			18.8	Secretary, Harijan Sevak Sangat
48. Shri Jiwan Lal				. C
49. Shri J. C. Biswas	35	•		League.
50. Shri Jia Lal				Secretary, U.P. Dhobi Maha- sabha Lucknow.
51. Shri K, Madhavan				President, Depressed Classes
52, Shri Kali Charan Das				General Secretary West Bengal Depressed Classes League.
53. Shri Ganpat Ram Balu	ram	+0		•
54, Shri Haraji Rathed		,	+	-
55. Shri Hira Singh, Pawa				**
56. Shri K. T. Rathed				
57. Shri K. Venkarra		*:		President Dakshina Kannada Maratha Samaja Seva Sangha Udipi, Mysore.
		2		Harijan Sevak Sangh, Mysore.
58, Shri Muniswar iah 59, Shri L. M. Shrikant				Ex-Commissioner for Scheduled Castes & Scheduled Tribes,
39. Shiri L. M. Dillimin				New Delhi.
60. Shri Pralliad Singh			+	Sametary, Agnikula-
61. Shri G. V. Verma		٠		General Secretary, Agnikula- Kahatriya Mahasabha, Andhra Pradesh.
62. Shri M. Swamy .	**			President, Andhra Pradesh Fisherman Congress Commi- ttee.
63. Shri N. Applitaraju	*			Andhra Pradesh Fisherman Congress Committee.
64. Shri P. L. P. proya	*			General Secretary, Andhra Pradesh, Fisherman Congress Committee.
65. Stari Mary Rao			9 3	. Telengana Yerukula Sangam, Andhra Pradesh.
66. Shri Harif i Rana			9	Social Worker. Social Worker.
67. Shri Parit dat Lal M		loat.		Secretary, Kunmbi Seva Sangam,
68. Shri K. D. Sannappi				Nanthiathu.
69. Shri M. Chandu				President Kundumbi Seva San- gam, N. Parur. Andhra Pradesh.
70. Shri M. Ramunni, E	x-M	LA.	6 5	. Andhra Pracesti. . Member, Kudmbi Seva Sangam,
71. Shri O. S. Ramakris	hnar			Nanthiathu.

APPENDIX III - concid.

Partie of		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
72. Shri Netram Nathubhai Pate	d .	. President, Khatik Uthan Sangh, Khairwari, Bombay.
73. Shri Ram Prasad, Ex-M.L.A	Č.	. Vice President, U.P. Dhobi Mahasabha
74. Shri Ram Prasad Dhusia	+0	The New Property
75. Shri R. Chinneswamy .	*	Secretary, Tamil Nad Desiya Salavai Tholifelar Sangam.
76, Shri Radha Kishan Yudav	*)	President, Anusuchusit Jau Seva Sangh.
77. Shri Ram Prashad	*	Secretary Dhobi Mahasabha Juliundur Punjab.
78. Shri Ram Singh Bhana ath	92	4 to 19 to 5
79. Shri R. V. Rathed .		* * ***
80. Shri Ranjit Naik		
81. Shri S. N. Prasad	98	E. C. C. Same shows
82. Shri Trikambhai R. Patel		Social Worker, President Ahmedabad Distt. Panchayat
83. Shri S. R. Sivaraman		, Member, Todumbi Seva San-
84. Shri T. Kesavan .		Secretary, Depressed Classes League, Kuilon.
85. Shri Udai Lal Maharwal		
86 Shri Vaghya Nath		General Secretary, Delhi State
87. Shri Pyrai Lal Khanjia	930	Dhobi Mahasabha.
88. Shri Kanahya Lel	٠.	President, Dhobi Mahasabha Punjab.
89. Shri Keshav Lal	100	President, Samagra Dhobi Association, Ahmedabad.
90. Shri Sambasiya R. o	1.2	

APPENDIX IV

List of Communities Recommended for Inclusion

Community

Reasons for inclusion

A. SCHEDULED CASTES

Andhra Pradrih

1. PASI .

There are about 1500 persons belonging to this community in 'Andhra Pradesh. They are suffering from social handicaps based on untouchability.

Jammu and Kashmir

2. GEN

3. MOLCI

4. NADIALA

5. MAZHABI

These are castes of drum beaters and basket makers in Jammu province. They suffer from social disabilities based on the practice of untouchability. There are in all about 200 families.

Engaged in scavenging. Suffer untouchability. from

Ketala

6. MADIGA .

Madigas are cobblers by profession. They are suffering from untouchability, and are backward economically and educationally. They are akin to CHAKKI-LIYANS, but are a distinct community.

7. BARWALA

This community is economically, educa-tionally and socially very backward and is suffering from tangible handicaps based on the practice of untouchability. Population about 2,200.

Delhi

8. DHEA or DHAYA or About 500 persons in Delhi. Treated as untouchables even by Bhangis.

Tripma

9. DHULI or BADYA
KAR or SABDAKAR.

They are suffering from untouchability.

Some of them are working as sweepers.

Estimated population 2300.

APPENDIX IV-contd.

-				to 201
Co	-	-	-	Desir
	т	en.	um.	uч

Reason for inclusion

B. SCHIDULED TRIBES

Jammu & Kashmir

- 1. CHAMPA
- A tribal community living in the Chushul area of Ladakh. Has tribal characteris-tics, and is very isolated. Population about 1000.

Kerala

- 2. ALLAR
- They are a very primitive tribe of food gatherers and are still living in caves. Population about 300.
- 3. KANALADI KALANADI.

CT

- This tribe is found in Wynad, and number about 350. They are primitive, and live far removed from centres of educational and industrial development.
- 4. KUNDUVADIYAN .
- This is a small tribe inhabiting the forest areas of Wynad. Their population is about 500.
- 5. MALA ADIYAN
- This is a primitive section of the KURA-VANS, inhabiting the Wynad area. Population about 6000.
- 6. MALAKKARAN OF MALAMUTTAN OF MALAPANIKKAR.
- Jungle cultivators and hunters in the Wynad area. Population about 1000.
- 7. MALA VETTUVAN
- A primitive jungle tribe, living in difficult and isolated conditions in the Wynad area. Population about 3500,
- 8. PATHIYAN
- A small tribe residing in Eastern Wynad. Have tribal characteristics and are isolated. Population about 300.

Madras

- NARIKORAVAN o KURIVIKKARAN.
- A very backward tribe, with distinctive dress and customs. Population about 3500.

Punjab

- 10. BETA
- 11. CHAN 12. DOMBA or GARA or ZOBA
- These communities are living in the isolated tribal areas of Lahaul and Spiti and their way of life and customs recemble those of the tribal folk. Population about 1,400.

AFFENDIX IV-concld.

	Community		Reasons for inclusion		
85	13. KANET (of and Bara Bar SEOK	Chhota nglal) or	They are isolated tribal community. Their social customs are distinctive, and they engage in primitive type of agriculture and sheep rearing. Population about 6,000.		
	Unar Prodesh				
•	14. BHOTIA .		They live in the isolated border areas, and have a distinct tribal organization. Estimated population 18,000.		
	15. BUKSA .		A tribal group found in the Naini Tal Terai. They number about 10,000 and are primitive.		
	16. JAUNSARI		A polyandrous tribal group residing in the Dehra Dun, Tehri Garhwal and Uttarkashi districts. They are isolated, and backward. There are however some forward groups, viz. Brahmins and Raj- puts, who are being excluded. Estimated population 56,000.		
	17. THARU .	** **	A distinct tribe of the Pradesh. They are Primitive. Estimated population 000.		
	- 18 RAJI .	. 1	This is a more common name for BAN- MANUS, hitherto treated as a Schoduled Caste.		
	19. ORAON .		The tribal DHANGARS of Mirzapur district are a section of the ORAONS. DHANGAR is presently included in the list of Scheduled Castes.		

APPENDIX V

List of Communities Recommended for Exclusion

Come	Marie and	44.5

Reasons for exclusion

A. SCHEDULED CASTES

Andhra Pradesh

- I. CHANDALA
- Not a caste but a general term which is also derogatory.
- 2. SAMBAN
- Number insignificant. Not socially dis-tinguishable.

Assam

- BRITTIAL-BANIA or According to Registrar General these are utensil-makers and there is no evidence of any tangible disabilities arising out of the practice of untouchability.
- 4. JALKEOT
- . No evidence of untouchability.
- 5. SUTRADHAR
- They are mostly carpenters and do not suffer from untouchability.

timpated ...

1 (85) 1 1 1

Guiarat

- 6. CHENNA DASAR OF
- 7. HALEER
- 8. HALSAR, OR HASL-ARHULASVAR HA-LASVAR.
- 9. HOLAYA or HOLER
- 10. LINGADER
- 11. MUKRI
- 12. SHEMALIA

The communities are either not found in the State, or their populations are so insignificant, that they are socially indistinguishabi. from the rest of the popula-

Jammu and Kashmir

- 13. JOLAHA
- This is a reafession, and the name is not used in Lamma and Kashmar to denote a
- 14. WATAL
- Wat, is, who are engaged in scavenging, are Mushams and cannot be treated as a Scheduled Caste. Special schemes for their development can be taken up as they are engaged in an unclean population.

APPENDIX Y-contd.

Owner

9 HI

26 DOHOR

41 Brit. TE CHAPTA

Community	Reasons for exclusion						
Kerala	-						
15. BANDI .		. Not found in the State.					
16. BELLARA	*	. Not found in the State.					
17. CHANDALA	+1: :	. A derogatory term; not a caste.					
18. GODAGALI		. Not found in the State.					
19. GODDA .	1 0 3	 Population insignificant. Not socially of tinguishable. 					
20. KOOSA .	2	. Not found in the State.					
21. PULAYAVETT	UVAN	There is no such caste in the State VETTUVANS who are not schedu wrongly call themselves PULAYA VETUVANS.					
22. RANEYAR		. Not found in the State.					
fadhya Pradesh		12					
23. BELDAR or SU	INKA	Not suffering from untouchability.					
24. DAHAIT, DAH or DAHAT.	LAYAT	Village watchmen; do not suffer fro untouchability.					
25. DHOBI .		Scheduled only in Raisen and Sch districts where they do not affer fro untouchability .					
26. DOHOR		Not found in the State.					
27. KOLI .		. Not suffering from untouchability.					
-28. KUMHAR		Potters; not suffering from untouthabili					
29. MADGL .		Not found in the State.					
30. MUSKHAN		Small population mostly found in urb areas; not suffering from untouchabili					
31. RUJJHAR		Do not suffer from social handicaps.					
fadras							
32. АЛLA .	-	Not found in the State.					
33. BELLARA	4	Not found in the State.					
34. CHALAVADI		Population insignificant. Not socially d tinguishable.					
35. CHANDALA	4	A derogatory term; not a caste '					
36. GODAGALLI	* *	Not found in the State.					
37. GODDA .		Population insignificant; not socially di tinguishable.					
38. KARIMPALAN		Not found in the State.					

APPENDIX V-contd.

Community	Reasons for exclusion
39. KOOSA	. Not found in the State.
40. MAILA	Population insignificant; not socially dis- tinguishable.
41. MUNDALA	Population insignificant; not socially dis-
42. NALAKTYAYA	Population insignificant; not socially dis- tinguishable.
43. NAYADI	Not suffering from untouchability-
44. PADANNAN	Not found in the State.
45. PALLUVAN	Population insignificant; not socialy dis- tinguishable.
46. PANNAN	. Not suffering from untouchability
47. PANCHAMA	General term, not a caste.
48. PERUMANNAN	. Not found in the State.
49. RANEYAR	Do.
50. SAPARI	Do.
51. ULLADAN	Do.
	Do.
52. VALLON 53. VELAN	Population insignificant; not socially dis- tinguishable.
Maharashtra	N. 100 PET
34. ANAMUK	 Insignificant population; not socially dis- tinguishable.
55. KHANGAR, K MIRDHA	ANERA Not found in the State.
56. MASHTI .	 Insignificant population; not socially dis- tinguishable.
57. SANSI	Do.
58. SINDHOLLU (CHINDHOLLU	Not found in the State.
Mysore	31 29
59. ANAMUK	. Not found in the State.
60. ARUNTHATH	IYAR Do.
61. BANDY	Do.
62. CHANDALA	. Derogatory term; not a caste.
63. CHERUMAN	Not found in the State.

- often

APPENDEX V-conid.

	Community			Reasons for exclusion				
	64.	DAKKAL (DOI WAR).	CKAL	Not found in the State.				
	64	DEVENDRAK L	/LA·	Do.				
	66	PAIDL of PANO	BARA.	Do				
	67.	GARODA or GA	WO .	Do.				
		GODAGALLI		Do.				
	69	GOSANGI		De.				
	70.	JAGGALI .		Insignificant population; not socially tinguishable.	dis-			
	71.	KADAYAN		Do.				
	72	KARIMPALAN		Not found in the State.				
	73	KOLUPULVAN	DLU	Po.				
	18.83	MAHYAVANSI DHED, VANS, MARUVANKA	AR or	Population insigned ant; not socially tinguishable.	dis-			
	75.	MANNE .		Do.				
	76.	MAVILAN		Not found in the State.				
	77.	MITHANYYAL	VAR .	Do.				
-	78.	NADIA of HAD	1 .	Population insignificant; not socially tinguishable.	dis-			
	79.	NAYAD!	+ +	Not found in the State.				
	80.	PAGAD II	40 4	Do.				
	81.	PANCHAM	# 1	General term; not a caste.				
		PANNADI		Not found in the State.				
	83	PASI		Do.				
	34	PUTHIRAL'S AS	SNAN	Do.				
		SAMBAN	1 4	Insignificant population; not socially tinguishable.	dis-			
	7700	SAPARI		Do.				
	557.350	SEMMAN	200.00	Not found in the State.				
	88.	SHENVA CHI SEDMA. R. (RAVAT)	AWAT	De.				
	89.	TIRUVALLUVA	AR .	De.				
	0.5	TURI		Do.				
	95,03	VALLUVAN	. +	Do.				
	92.	VATHIRIYAN		Do.	_			

APPENDIX X- contd.

Community		Reasons for exclusion
Orissa		Not found in the State.
93. AUDHELIA	* **	t - t enflor fri 1 ll
94. BARI and 95. BARIKI		also be confused with BARAKA what
96. BHOI .		Fishermen. Do not suffer from untouch-
97. CHACHATI)	Population 'NIL' in 1961 Census
98. CHERUA of C	HHELIA	A community of shepherds. Do rail school
99. DEWAR		There are no DEWARS in Origina, and persons of the fishermen castes, who are not untouchable, are returning the reserve of DEWARS.
100. GHANTARG	HADA or	Bell-metal workers. Do not suffer from
101. GHOGIA		Do not suffer from untouchability
102. GODAGALI		Do. 100 110 110
103. GODARI		Not returned in 1961 Census.
104 KARUA .		Not a easte. Is the same as KORWA included as a Scheduled Tribe.
105. KUMMARI		Potters, not untouchable.
106. KURUNGA		Boat-makers. Not untouchable.
107. NAMASUDI	RA .	Not untouchable in Orissa.
108. PANCHAMA		Not a caste name, but a general name for Harijans.
109. SAUNTIA (S	ANTIA)	Not suffering from untouchabile?
110. KULI (in district)	Sambalpur	Not untouchable.
Raiasthan		TO THE STATE OF THE PARTY OF TH
III. AGER	0.0	. Not found in the State.
112. BAKAD or		. Do.
113. BANCHAD	TOUR LAND	To the same of the
114. BARAHAR	or BASOL	Do.
115. BARGUND	A .	. Do.
116. BHANUMA	ATI .	De.
117. CHALVAD NNAYYA		De.

APPENDEX V-contd.

Community	Reasons for exclusion		
II8. CHANDAL .	. This is a general term and not a caste.		
119. CHENNA DASAR O	Not found in the State.		
120. CHIDAR .	Do.		
121. DHOE1	 Only scheduled in Ajmer district. Do not suffer from unrouchability. 		
122. DHOLT	Do.		
123. DHOR, KAKKAYY	A Not found in the State.		
124. HALLTER .	. Do.		
125. HALSAR. HASLAN HULASVAR or HAL ASVAR.	R. Do.		
126. HOLAR of VALHAR	Do.		
127. HOLAYA or HOLER			
128. KABIRPANTHI	. De.		
129. KOTWAL .	Do.		
130. LINGADER .	. Do.		
. 131. MANG-GARUDI. MANG GARUDI	Do.		
132. MANG. MATANG (or Population insignificant. Not so: Ily dis- tinguishable.		
133. MUKRI	. Not found in the State.		
134. NADIA or HADI	. Do.		
135. PARDHI	. Do.		
136. SHENVA. CHENV. SEDVIA of RAVA	A. Do.		
137. TURI	Do.		
138. ZAMRAL	Do.		
Ustar Prais 4			
139. BA!SWAR .	. Do not suffer from untouch: " 115.		
140. GHARAMI	 Perpulation insignificant. Then is no like lihood of their being socially distinguishable as a caste. 		
141. GUAL	 General name for cowherds. Not untwichen ables. 		
142. KHAIRAHA	. Do not suffer from untouch, but ay.		
143. KHOROT	Do.		

APPENDEX V-contd.

Arr	Reasons for exclusion
Community	Reasons to Committee
144. SANAURHIYA	. Scattered throughout the State. Not suffer- ing from untouchability.
Darbo & Nagar Harrii 145. MAHAR	Population insignificant intherecuise little likelihood of their ting socially distinguished as a Caste.
Delai 146. BANJARA	Not untouchables. Histriale Renot in Delhi proper. They are also dispersed, and have no tribal characteristics.
147. BHIL .	Found in Delhi preser. but a tribe. Assimilated and have not
148. KABIRPANTIII	Not a caste, but a religious sect. Scheduler Castes can return themselves under their
149. MALLAH	Not an untouchable community. None returned during 1961 Census.
150. PERNA 151. SINGIWALA OF KALBELIA	Not found in the territory. Do.
Himachal Pradesh 152. BAWARIA 153. SANSI	Insignificant population; not socially dis- tinguishable. Do.
Manipur 154. SUTRADHAR Pandicherry 155. MALA MALAN	Not found in the State. F Population insignificant; not socially distin-
Tripuro	1
156 BAITI 157, GUNAR	Not found in the Styte. Insignificant population; not socially distinguishable. Secuclability Do
158. DANDASI 159. DHENUAL 160. DUAI	Not found in the State.
161. GORANG	Suchability

APPENDEX V-contd.

Community		Reasons for exclusion			
162. GOUR		*	. Immigrant group. Do not suffer from untouchability.		
163. GUNAR		÷.	. Not found in the State.		
164. GUR	*		. Immigrant group. Do not suffer from untouchability.		
165. KAHAR		19	. Do not suffer from untouchability.		
166. KANUGI	1		 Population insignificant; not socially distinguishable. 		
167 KHADIT			Do.		
168. KHEMCH	LA.		. Not found in the State.		
169. KOIR	*		 Immigrant group. Do not suffer from ur touchability. 		
170. KORA	33	34	. Do not suffer from untouchability.		
171. MALI	*	8	They are mainly gardeners and garland makers and are not suffering from us touchability. The untouchable com- munity is BHUIMALI which is retained in the Schedule.		

B. SCHEDULLD TRUBES

A SHAW THE TO	The second second
Sadara	Pradesh

BHIL . . Population insignificant : assimilated.
 Do.

B-KULIA- De.

4. MALI . . . Not a tribe; gardeners and garland-mak-

Bihar

5. BANJARA . The population is insignificant. Assimilated with the general population.

Gwarat

GOND or RAJGOND Very small population. Have lost tribal characteristics in Gujarat.

KOLI . Tribals are DHOR-KOLI, who are included in the list of Schoduled Tribes.

 KOLI MALHAR. Not found in the State.
 KOLI MAHADEV or DONGAR KOLI.

APPENDIX V could.

Community	Reasons for exclusion
9. SIDDI · ·	African tribe, assimilated with general
10. VAGHRI -	D. r. t possess tribal characteristics
Kerala	to a secondario
II. ARANDAN .	. p to m insignificant; assimilated.
12. KAMMARA .	De.
13. KOCHUVELAN	Do.
14 KONDA KAPU	but found in the State.
15. KONDA REDDY	Propulation insegnificant; assimilated.
16. KOTA	Do.
17. MALEYAKANDI	Not found in the State.
18. MALA MALASAR	Do.
19. MARATI	Assimilated in the general population; no tribul characteristics.
	Set forma in the State.
20. VISHAVAN	
Madhya Pradesh includir	e Not found in the State.
21. GARASIA includir RAJPUT GARASIA	
22. KEER	No It will chatacteristics, assertion
23. KOLAM · ·	Not found in the State
24. MINA	No tribal characteristics.
Madrat -	Insignificant population. Do not posses
25. ADIYAN	tribal characteristics.
	Do.
26. ARANADAN	Population 'NIL'.
7. ERAVALLAN	Do
28. HILL PULAYA	. Insegnificant population. Do not posses
29. KAMMARA	trival characteristics.
30. KANIYAN or	Population 'NIL'.
30. KANITAN (III	N. P. A. T. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO
31. KOCHU VELAN	. D.C.
32. KONDA KAPU	7
33. KONDAREDDI	
34. KORAGA	
35. KUDIYA or	Inegrational populations. Do not posses
MELAKUDI.	tribal et casteristics.
36. KURICHCHAN	Files Constitution
37. MALAKKURAVAN	
38. MALAI ARAYAN	
39. MALAI PANDA-	
RAM	
40. MALAI VEDAN	

APPENDIX V-const.

Community	Reasons for exclusion
41. MALAYAN 42. MALAYARAYAR 43. MANNAN 44. MAHA MALASAR 45. MALAYEKANDI 46. MUTHURAN 47. PALLEYAN	Population 'NIL'. Insignificant population. Do not possess
48. PALLIYAR	tribal characteristics.
49. ULLADAN (HILL) DWELLERS) . 50. URALY . 51. VISHAVAN . Moherathira	Population 'NIL'
52. BAVACHA or BAMCHA.	The population is insignificant and they have become assimilated in the general population.
53. BAIGA 54. BHAINA 55. BHATTRA 56. BIRHOR 57. GADABA 58. KHARIA 59. KORWA 60. MAJHWAR 61. MUNDA 62. NAGASIA 63. ORAON 64. PARJA 65. SAUNTA 66. SAVARA	These tribes are at present scheduled in Vidarbha. From the Census records of 1931 and other sources, it is clear that these tribes are either not found at all in the Vidarbha area, or are found in negligible numbers, assimilated in the general population.
67. ADIYAN	. Not found in the State.
68. ARANDAN	Do.
69. BAVACHA or BAMCHA	Population insignificant; assimilated.
70. CHODHARA .	. Do-
71. DHANKA includir TADVI, TETARI. VALVI.	Not found in the State.

APPENDIX V-contd.

=	Community		Reasons for exclusion
-,	2. DHODIA .		Not found in the State
	3. DUBLA TALANIA PATI	including or HAL	Do.
	74. GANIT or C GAVIT MANCHI NASANA. End VALNI	PADVI ASAVE	Do.
	75. KADAR	0 to 4	Do. Insignificant population; assimilated.
	76. KAMMAR	Street of the second of the	Do.
	77. KATTUNA	YAKAN .	Do.
	78. KOKNA	KOKNI,	
	79. KONDAK	A791	Not found in the State.
	80. KOND I F		Do
	SI. KOTA		Insignificant population; assimilated,
	SE KURICHO	ION.	Not found in the State.
	83. MAHA M	The State of the S	Do.
			Insignificant population; assimilated
	84. MALASAI		Not found in the State.
	85. MUDUGA	7. 01	I control of the cont
	St. PATELIA		Do.
	87. PONILA		Do.
	88. PULAYA		Do.
	19. RATH V		. Insignificant population; assimilated.
	so. SHOLA		Do.
		4,0 8	Do.
	91. TODA	* / / / / /	Do.
	12, VA 1.	en hading	Do.
	93. VITOL KOTW I Build I	IA ar	nd .
39	Oriva 94, Call by 1	a .	 An Andhra tribe far removed from its habitat. Their number in Orissa is insignificant, and they have lost their tribal characteristics.
	05. C -1	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS.	Not found in the State.
	ye. n. 1. 11	A GAUDA	

APPENDEX V-Conid.

Community					Reasons for exclusion		
9י. אינו			8		Do not have tribal characteristics. Actually a Hindu caste, not untouchable.		
98.	SAUNTI	43	54	×	Do not possess tribal characteristics.		
Punjah					THE STATE OF THE S		
199	GADDI	¥2.	4	*	Do not possess tribal characteristics. At present scheduled only for Lahaul and Spiti, where they do not live.		
Rojasth	ian						
100.	BARDA	1	7	4	Not found in the State.		
101.	BANACHA BAMCHA	A or			Do.		
102.	CHODHA	RA	S	3	Do.		
103.	DANAA, TADALT VALSE	ETA	ncludi RIA a	ng nd	De.		
164	DHODIA	ean.	6	2	Do.		
. 45.	DUELA. TALAVIA PATE	or	HA.	ng L-	Do.		
106	GAMIT of GAMIT, MANCHI, VASAVA, and VALV	v		vi,	Do.		
107	GOND of		IGON	D	Do		
- COMP.	KOKNA,		COK	629	De.		
10+	NOLI-DH NOLI, KO NOLIGHA	OLC			Do.		
136.	*.ORKU	+4	+		Do.		
412.	TAIKDA milading G NAYAKA NAYAKA NAYAKA NAYAKA	CHOL KA and	PAD	LA LA	Do.		
112	PARDHI ADVICHI LHANSE	INCH	ER I	ind	Do.		
113	PATELIA			-	Do.		

Sec. 1. 4.4

Arreson V-Coneld.

Community				Reasons for exclusion		
114. POMLA				Not found in the State.		
115. RATHAWA				Do.		
116. VARLI				Dec +		
117. VITOLIA. LIA or DA	RO	TV No	A-	Dec		
West Bengal				66 1000 100 200		
118. ASUR		77		The tribe is not found in the State.		
119. BAIGA		10		This is found only in insignificant number- and does not possess tribal characteris- tics.		
120 BANJARA		3	12	The tribe is not found in the State.		
121. BATHUDI			28	De.		
122. BINJHIA		8	372	Do.		
123. ВІКЛА				Dr.		
124. CHIK BAT	tAlk		2	Do.		
125, KAOND				This is found only in insignificant numbers and does not peasess tribul characteristics.		
Himachal Pradesh						
126. GADDI		48	٠,	These are nomadic communities and do		
127. GUJJAR	,			not possess tribul characteristics.		
Tripura				The House Control		
128. BHIL.		4		Tea garden labourers, assimilated in gene- al population. Population negligible.		
129. BHUTIA	100			Assimilated. Population insignificant.		
130. CHAIMA	L	12		Not found in the State.		
131. LEPCHA				No tribal chere-neristics.		

APPENDIX VI

List of Proposals Refected by the Committee

Community	List of Proposal	Reasons for rejection	
Andhra Pradesh			
I. MALA	Sich H. C. Heda, M.P., proposed exclusion from the existing lost of Scheduled Castes as they are advanced.	The Committee did not accept this for reasons mentioned in par. It of the Report.	
2. MOCHI or MUCHI	Shri B. Anjanappa, M.P., proposed exclusion from the existing list of Scheduled Castes as they were not untouch- ables.	Leather workers. They are suffering from un- touchability.	
3. MALI .	The Govt. of Andhra fradesh proposed retention in the list of Scheduled Tribes.	They are garland makers and do not possess tri- bal characteristics	
4. AGNIKULAK- SHATRIYA. PALLI, BESTA, GARSGAPUTRA. VODABALIGA and JALALI.	Shei B. Anjanappa, M.P., and four others pro- posed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Tribes.	They are fishermen and do not possess tribal characteristics and are not untouchables.	
5. DOMMARA	Shri & Smt. B. Anjana- ppa. proposed inclu- sion in the list of Sche- duled Tribes.	They are nomads who have developed contacts with advanced communities. Do no possess tribal characteristics.	
6 PARDHI	Spri H. C. Heda, M.P., proposed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Tribes.	Fruit sellers. Do not possess tribal chara-teristics. They are no ther isolated not promitive.	
7. VODDAR .	Sim H. C. Heda, M.P., proposed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Tribes.	There was no evidence show that they possed tribal characterities Do not suffer they untouchability.	
44.915	55		

Maria.

APPENDIX VI-Com./.

	APPENDIX VI-Count	
Community	List of Proposal	Reasons for revesion
Rihar		
1. ADI ANDHRA	The Government of B. hat proposed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Castes.	A general name for a group of Andhra Castes. In Bihar, they are mainly labourers in Jamshedpur. There is no exidence of the touchability.
2. NAMASUDRA .	The Government of B har proposed inc. sum in the list of Niheduied Castes.	An advanced caste com- in West Bengal, to which they belong No- evidence of unto ah- ability.
Jammu & Kashmir	- 72	m
1. BAKARWAL 2. GUJJAR - 3. GADDI - 4. SHIPPI -	The Government of Jammu & Kashmir proposed inclusion in the list of Scheduk d Tribes.	They are nomadic and advanced. Do not pos- sess tribal characteris- tics.
5. BAZIGAR 6. SANSI .	The Government of Jammu & Kashrair proposed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Tribes.	They are denotified com- munities. Do not pos- sess tribal characteris- tics. Found in urban areas.
Kerala		It was admitted during
1. KULALA . }	S'Shri Divakaran and K. V. K. Nair, Presi- dents of all Travancore Velan Mahasabha and Kerala Kulala Associa- tion respectively pro- posed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Cast- es.	discussions that the communities did not suffer from untouch-ability.
Madras	STATE OF THE PROPERTY.	This is an advanced
1. DHOBI (VANNAN)	Shri M. Etheralulum M.L.C., General Secretary, All Indian Rajak Maha Sangh and President, Tamil Nad Desiya Salavai Tozhilalar Sangum proposed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Castes.	group wide para 16 of Report. It was there- fore, not considered necessary to schoolie them throughout the State. They are how- ever, being retained in the list for the Kanya Kumari district and Shenkotah taluk of Tirunelyeli district.

APPENDIX VI-Conid.

Community	List of proposal	Reasons for rejection
2. PANISAIVAN or VEERAKODI VELALA.	Shri A, Kuppuswamy Pillai, Perambur, Madras, proposed in- clusion in the list of Scheduled Castes.	During discussions it was admitted that they were not suffering from untouchability.
Mysore		
1. BHOVI 2. GHANTI CHORE 3. HANDI JOGI 4. KEPMARI 5. KORACHA 6. KORAMA 7. SILLEKYATH 8. SUDUGADU SIDHA	the Govt, of Mysere proposed the transfer of these communities to the list of Scheduled Tribes. Shri R. Muniswamiah, Gen Seey., Harijan Sewak Sangh, Mysore, praposed exclusion of BHOVI, KORACHA and KORAMA from the list of Scheduled Castes as they do not suffer from untouch-ability.	These are denotified com- munities who may be expected to have to- bal chacracteristics, trace of nomadism and social handicaps aris- ing out of unitous ability. In Mysore however, there was no evidence to show that these groups possessed tribal characteristics. It was, therefore, decided not to transfer them to the lis. of Scheduled Tribes Ai the same time as they seemed to be suffering from marginal hand- caps arising out of the practice of unitoush- ability in the areas where they are present- by scheduled it was considered advisable to retain them in the list of Scheduled Casi-
		es with the existing
9. BUDURIDIKE BUNDE 10. BESTHA 11. DOMBAR	The Gevt. of Missore	There was no evidence i
12. HALAKKI VOKKAL 13. KACHE GOWLIGA 14. KUDUBI	proposed inclusion in the list of Scheduk d Tribus	show that these con munities possess with characteristics
15. KATABU		
16. SIDDI 17. BARIKI	Suri E. Rammappa of Magal. Bellary district, proposed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Castes	No evidence that to community suffer, from untouchabile

APPENDIX VI-Conid.

	Community	List of proposal	Reasons for rejection
	18. DOMBIDASA	 Shri Thaihaiah, Hospet Taluk, Bellary district proposed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Tribes. 	No evidence to show that the community poss- essed tribal characteris- tics.
	19. HELAV .	President, Dharwar District, Nomadic and Semi-Nomadic Tribes Sevak Sangh, Hubli, proposed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Tribes.	No evidence to show that the community prosessed tribal cha- racteristics.
	20. MARATHA MARATI	Shri K, Venkappa, President, Dakshina Kannada Jilla Maratha Samaja Seva Sangh, Udipi P.O. Alevoor (South Kanara) and Shri S, Subbayya Naik, M.1 A. P.O. Sullia (South Kanara) proposed reteation in the list of inheduled Tribes.	Among the Marathas and Maratis only the group 'KADU MARATI' appeared to possess tribal characteristics. Hence the entries MARATHA and MARATI have been replaced by KADU MARATI.
	1	Shri B. K. N. Murthy. No. H-92, II Cross. Mission Road, Banga- iore and Shri Ranga- ppe of Bangalore pro- posed exclusion from the list of Scheduled Tribes.	
1	Punjab	1	
	1. СННІМВА	. Shri Hem Raj, M.P., proposed inclusion in list of Scheduled Cast- es.	No evidence to show that they suffer from untouchability.
	2. GADDI .	. The Govt, of Punjab pro- posed inclusion as a Scheduled Tribe for Kangra district also.	They are nomadic she- pherds and herdsmen and are economically well off. Do not pos- sess tribal characteris- tics. It was decided to deschedule them from the areas where they are at present sche-

APPENDIX VI -Contd.

Community	List of proposal	Reasons for rejection
Rejarthen		The seas for rejection
1. YADAV	Shri Radha Kisha Yadav proposed inclusion of YADAV as synonym of JATAV.	Shri Yadav shows tha YADAVS do not de leather work like JATAVS but are main ly agriculturists and
2. MALI .	 Shri Udai Lal Maharwa proposed inclusion in the list of Schedules Castes. 	It was admitted that the community did not suffer from untouch-
3. KOLI THAKUI	proposed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Tribes.	to show that they possess any tribal cha- racteristics. Already getting benefits under the border areas sche-
4. DHANKA an	d Shri Dal Chand proposed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Tribes throughout the State.	At present they are scheduled in Abu Read taluka, where they are not found. In other parts of Painther
Uttar Pradesh		they are tiffused among the general population, and have lost their tribal mode of life.
1. BIYAR or BAYAR	The Govt. of Uttar Pra- desh proposed inclu- sion in the list of Sche- duled Castes.	the Deputy Commis- sioner for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes showed that they did not suffer
2. BORA	The Adiminti Sewak Sangh proposed inclu- sion in the list of Sche- duled Tribes.	No justification in sup- port of the proposa, was given. This com- munity appears to be a Rajpot Caste with no tribal characteris-
3. PANIKA PANKA PANKHA 3. Dept of SS 65-5	The Govt. of Uttar Pradesh and Shri Ram Pyare, M.L.A., pro- posed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Trib- es.	ties. No evidence to show that they possessed tribal characteristics. They, however, suffered from untouchability It was, therefore.

100

K (* 14#

AFFENDIX VI-Contd.

	AFFENDIX VI-Conta.		
Community	List of proposal	Reasons for rejection	1 2.00
Colinamo		decided to retain them in the list of Scheduled Castes.	1
4. KAHAR S	thri Chhedi Lal Sethi, M.L.C., proposed their inclusion in the list of Scheduled Tribes on the ground that they are sprung from the GONDS and had social contacts with the GONDS.	The information given showed that the Kahars were dispersed and living among the general population. A large number of them were fishermen. No evidence of a tribal mode of life.	
me - Donnel	GO, EDS.		100
West Bengal 1. HELA	The Hela Harijan Seva Samity, Calcutta, pro- posed inclusion as a Scheduled Caste.	familiars or found to	Trabel #
n.16/		Deta.	
Delhi 1. ABBASI,		1 - 00445	
BHISTI-SARKA		PEISTI-SARKA	
2. ARAIN,	CHI S	SERVENTE B	e f
RAYEE,		THE DATE OF	
KUNIRA		4114	
3. BANNERWALA		The state of the state of	
4. BARI		A \$1.00-51	
5. BAIRAGI		* BALLAND	and the second
6. CHIRIMAR	Shri B. N. Chalukia	No evidence to she that they suffered fro	m was the same
7. DAKAUT.	Description Della State	Control of the last and	
PARADE 8. DHINWAR	Welfare Organisation of the Most Backwar		
(HINWAR)	Claries New Dell	H _a	Children to the State of
MEHRA-	proposed inclusion	ID	Marine Parish
MAHAR, KAHAR	the list of Scheduk Castes	L ESTAN	Charles.
9. GADARIA	Casics	10 Page 10 TAN	25200000
10. GADDI-GARRI,			
GADEHRI-GARI		Vincent Value	
11. GHASIARA		11141111	
12. KATPUTLI	0.20	F 2 1 1	
WALA		4 4	
13. KUMHAR. PRAJAPATI			_
14. LUHAR			400

APPENDIX VI-Concld.

Community	List of proposal	Reasons for rejection
15. MASANIA JOGI 16. PATHER PHORE, SANGTARASH 17. NAI. BARBER, HAJJAM	Shri B. N. Chalukia, Pre- sident, Delhi State Welfare Organisation of the Most Backward Classes, New Delhi, proposed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Castes.	
18. TURI (TULI)	Dr. Ananti Sarup Turi (Tuli), of Lajpat Nagar, New Delhi, proposed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Castes.	Only four families. They are well off. Not un- touchables.
Himachal Pradesh		
1. GADDI	The Govt. of Himachal Pradesh proposed that these communities may be scheduled through- out the State.	These communities do not possess tribal characteristics. it was, therefore, decided to exclude from the list even in respect of areas where at present schoduled.
Tripura	22 h	
HALLAN	The Govt, of Tripura in proposed inclusion in the list of Scheduled Castes,	Fishermen. Not untouch- able.
2. JHALO-MALO	Do. 1	No evidence of untouch- ability in Tripura.
3. PANTATI .	Do.) 7	They are immigrants and
4. KOIRI	Do.	are either tea-garden labourers or agricul-
5. PASHI	Do.	tural labourers. Not untouchables.

APPENDIX VII

List of Scheduled Castes

or S. Edikosk ares

∠ # BYAGARA

Service Application

			Support III		Sut-casie		
	S. No.	Caste		Synonym			
	-		ANDHE	A PRADESH			
		- ANDURA	rose-	44	**		
	11.	ADI ANDHRA			++		
	2	ADI DRAVIDA	115		++		
	- 3.	ANAMUK					
100	114.	ARAY MALA			4.0		
	5.	ARNA MALA			**		
there .	16.	BARIKI .	* *				
	17.	BAVURI .	0 1	BUDGA JANGAM			
-	8.	BEDA JANGA	* *	ВСОСИ			
1 1 1 1 1 1 1	79.	BYAGARA		***			
	/10	CHALVADI	4	CHAMBHAR			
dr was	- 11	CHAMAR .	1. '	· MOCHI			
- April	=		1 +	MUCHI	17,000		
TO PETE	12	DAKKALA	1. 1	DOKKALA	4.		
F SHEW LESS TO	0.0				**		
	-13			1.0	340		
	V14	TO A PORTAL LANDS		· CHACHANDI	984		
	11	S. Onnai		- CHACHATI - HADDI			
				- Hatre-			
	1	6. GODAGULA	1		" HOLEYA DASARI		
	1	7. HOLEYA .	1.2		MUNDALA		
			D115 A	MADARI KURU	VA		
	1	8. MADASI KU	KUNA		ARUNDHAIIIA		
	-	19. MADIGA .	10	# W	- ASAD BAINDLA		
					GODARI		
					GOSANGI JAGGALI		
					TAMBUVULU		
					YELLAMMALA- WANDLU		
					WATER STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE		
	0.3			62			

APPENDIX VII-Contd.

S. No.	Caste G ₁		Synonym	Sub-caste
20.	MADIÇA DASI	7	MASHTEEN MATANGI), * *
- 21.	MAHAR		***	96
~ *22.	MALA			MALA JANGAM MALA MASTI MALA SALE OR NETKANI MALA SANYASI MITTULA AYYAL VARN
V23.	MALL BART		MALA DASARI	110000000
	MALA DASU .		MALES DAGGE	*
√24.	MALA HANNAI		**	
125.	MANG			
J 26.	MANG GARODI		**	35
127.	MANNE	*	**	44
128.	MASHTI	+	(44)	
_ 29.	MEHTAR .	1 2	** .	2.41
30.	PAIDI		DOM DOMBARA PANO	**
/31.	PAKY	. 7	MOTI THOTI	
J32.	PAMBALA	~		KOLUPULVANDLU
33.	PAMIDI .			**
1	PANCHAMA	4	PARIAH	
L 35.		1		
36.	RELLI			-SAPIRI
31.	TOTAL PROPERTY.			-44
38.			CHINDOLLU	
J39.		the		**
			ASSAM	
-	hroughout the State	inde	line NEFA	
	BANSPHOK	1112.0	21.16.1 (71)	1.561
1.	BANSITION	+	(4.6)	- 11

APPENDIX VII-Contd.

S. No.	Cı	ste	9		Synon	ym		Sub-custe	
2.	BHUIMAL	١.	445		**		Ex C	**	
3.	CHAMAR		8	110	MUCHI RAVIDAS RISHI	7.5	- 1	12	
•4.	DHUPI .	98	10		DHOBI RAJAK SUKLABAIDY				
5.	DUGLA	W.			DHOLI		1940	4.0	
6.	HIRA	8	40	-	724	90	min a		
•7.	JHALO		÷	*	JHALO-MALO MALO	-	4) 0 10 -		
*8.	JALIYA K	AIBA	RIT	A					
9.	MAHARA						-		
10.	MEHTAR	•	*		BALMIKI BHANGI LALBEGI				
11.	NAMASUI	DRA	Đ.			31/	25.5	** ** 1	
12.	PATNI	4		14	177	12.	PATN		
	- 37				BIHAR		- 10		
	BANTAR				+ 2	+	V (1)	100	
1.	BAURI	ě	*		**	6	1142		
-3.	135000000000000000000000000000000000000		10	33	(4.7)			20	
14.		Pat	na S	ha- ala-	V			44	
5.	BHUMID of Tirbut D districts of Bhagalput Palamau a	ivisio	ns a longi Saha	and nyr. rsa.	1#12 R	#	#4.1. #48.2 #1.4	**************************************	1000
•6.	CHAMAR			1	MOCHI		1000	25	
17.	CHAUPAL		*	13.	4.0		0.82-12	55	
✓ 8.	DABGAR	1		114	44			44	
. 09.	DHOBI	+		30	5.66		#11	to.	

[.] Vide para 16 of the Report.

APPENDIX VII-Contd.

S. No.	Cast	•		1	Synonym	Sub-caste
10.	DOM .			3		
11.	DUSADH	4		3	2.5	DHARHI DHARI
12.	GHASI				822	**
13.	KANJAR				2440	**
14.	KURARIA	R		. 6		**
15.	MEHTAR		*	H	HARIKAR ALALKHOR ARI ALBEGI	
-16.	MUSAHAI	R		14		
17.	NAT NO	11.7				**
18.	PAN .			15/	WASI	
19.	PASI .					
20.	RAJWAR			100		
-21.	TURI					*
1	AGER			GU	JARAT	
				V B/	NT	2 20 10
					LMIKI -	
/3.	BHANGI	•		HH		
v 4.	CHALVAD	10		, · CI	ANNAYYA	
. مد	CHAMAR		**	7999	HAMBHI HAMBI HAMADIA HAMBHAR HAMGAR AMATI MOCI HALPA	en en

			٨	PPENDIX VII Could.		2 7
	S. No.	Caste	1	Synonym	Sub-caste	T. (20)
H Hard	10.		444	MADAR MOCHIGAR NADIA NALIA RANIGAR ROHIDAS ROHIT SAMGAR TELEGU MOCHI		
	6.	DHOR .	+	KANKAYYA		2. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	17.	DANGASHIA			great walk	
	18.	GARMATANG	+	Vanit'	· 中国的新疆	Hi -
1	19.	GARODA .		.GARC	a perturba	1000000
No. 61.	10.	HOLAR .		. VALHAR		
Birra.	**	MAHAR .		TARAL	**	
1:472	12.	MANG .		.~MATANG	**	
1 1	13.	MANG-GARUE	K	Annual Control	44.0 (15.77) (4.0)	
1	- 14.	MEGHVAL		MENGHVAR	W142014794	ALL STATE
	15.			. PARADHI	PARDIT .	. PARADEI
	46	PASI .		+ + 11	PASI " -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	/17.	SHENVA .		CHENVA SEDMA SENVA	200 A.A	
W. W. C.	40	THORI .	10	. 40 40	(e) (quote	
				/TIRBANDA	3 0/45N	Titola?
	/ 19.				TURI BAROT	
		VANKAR .		MARU VANKAR MAHYAVANSHI DHED	DHED BAROT DHED BAWA DHED SADHU	15+41
			1	AMMU & KASHMIR		AND A MANA
	11	BARWALA			10 may 10 mg 8 mg 14	
		BASITH .			and the	
	1				1115 - 11	
	1		ų.	~ RAMDASIA		1,141-5-14
		. CHURA .			1 (250)	490
-	1	and the second second second		A. Denor		To Marian

. Vide para 16 of the Report.

APPROOR VII-Contd.

S. No.	Caste				Synonym	5	Sub-caste	
6.	DHYAR	•0	+		**	13	2.00	
17.	DOOM			/M	AHASHA			
18.	GARDI			*			T 11100	
-9.	GEN				4.			
10.	MAZHABI		+	*	**	7.0	70.00	
11.	MEGH							
12.	MOLGI				49		(**)	
13.	NADIALA				41	123	2.44.0	
14.	RATAL	2			4.4		1786	
15.	SABYARA							
- 5	FEYFF	b.		ve	RALA		F. V.	
F 4 - 2	4			AL	KALA			
-1.	ADI ANDH				**		- SAL	1.
	ADI DRAV			•	**			
13.	ADI KARN	ATA	KA	330	Sec. 35			
1	AJILA				4.		• • •	
15.	ARUNDHA	THE	YAR				THE PERSON OF	16
6.	AYYANAV	AR			1100	t-	AAVAXAVAK	
17.	BAIRA					かって	Tallor ·	
/3.	BAKUDA				**			- 1
200	HEARATH		1.				* 44 A ** THE	
lien.	tof the dist	ricts	of Ti	n-		120	Example 1	
Sec. 30	yam, Allep	pay.	Quile	on			4.7674 145 7	FH.
	and Trivano	(mar.b	k.				Ast I. The	
3.60	BATHADA			*	**	. 1	E 1 (414:3) A	
11.	BOYAN -		*	*			**	
12.	CHAKKILI	YAN		- Total Contract Cont	HAMAR HEMMAN			
				/ M	OCHI		1550	
47	v 100 -				AMAGARA EMMAN	200		
_13.	DOMBAN		. 1	. 1	1. 1866		1,000-00	
14.	HASLA				Kel .	111		
15.	HOLEYA					10	MUNDALA	_
-	The state of the s	3	71	100			NALKADAYA -	-
					**		NALKI	

				CENTRAL COMME		_	
	S. No.	Caste		Synonym	Sub-caste	No.	4
	16.	KAKKALAN	2.		++	~ 16	PARA ALLE
	17.	KANAKKAN		TADANNAN	-1	12	1,450,000.00
	118.	KAVARA .		GAVARA		- 15	251810
	. 19.	KOOTAN .	8	- 41	**	10	511115
	20.	KURAVAN		. SIDHANAR		20	A L BANCO
	21.	MADIGA .	1		GOSANGI	216	+0.11/41
	22,	MAILA .				22	Times
			8		**	21-	-statis van
	el.	(of the plains	areas).				and the Lines.
	124.	MANNAN .		- PERUMANNAN	**	- 6	MANDA".
	*	(of the district chur, Ernakula	m Ko	- VANNAN	**	- 1	
		tayam, Alleppe	y. Quile		100		42 14 141 121
		and Trivandrus	n).			- 04	A Hy
	25.	MOGEAR		*	**		
	26.	NAYADI .	2	* **	111		
	, 27.	PALLAN .		. KADAYAN KUDUMBAN		-	
	28	PAMBADA		* **	2.000	29.	FAMBATIA
21.0	1000	PANAN .	5.			,29,	PANAN .
44.4	CHARLES STREET	PARAVAN .		1		*39,	PARANAN -
-	-	-4of the districe	of Tri		894	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY.	to all the street of
-	- Backet	Allepp:	m, Kei	1		120	to the Allegary
100	-	and Trivandrus	n).		White E.	100	1. 10 B. 10 B. 10-10.
-	31.	PARAYAN .		PANCHAMA	(4.4)	11	FARATAN C
				SAMBAN-		2,37	
	32.	PATHIYAN	24		7.4		
	33.	PULAYAN .	10	. CHERAMAN	310		
				CHERUMAN	11	-	
	14	PUTHIRAL VA	NNAN		44	254	TEHHRAL VANS
		PULLUVAN					ELLERWAN
-	36.		eludine	THACHAR (exclu		- 47.	7.1.3.3(7) 4.5
	/	EZHAVA .		, ding		4.5	10 48
	100			THACHAN (Car)	11111		5 7 3
-	1190			UKALI of plain	5		
			2002	arc25		-	

. Vide para 16 of the Report.

APPENDIX VII-Conid.

			WELEUDIY	VII-CON	no.	
S. No				Synonym	Sub-caste	
/37	SECTION AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF THE	1		12	. "	
_38			*	140	VALLON	
20	100000000					4
10		200	. VEDA	N.		
41.	VITTUVAN			**	7 - 20	
		MA	DHYA PR	DESH		win in Charle
1	AL DHELIA	4	-	1		1
1	BAGDI .		•	**	20 10	
	BAHANA .	+	BEHA	NA	S. Carrier	Et 4-
-	BALRI		BALA	1	BHAMBI	
	BANCHADA	1		** 18	21	1
100	BARGUNDA				1	
13	BASOD .		BANSI		BARHAR	- FORTH.
1	1 2		BASA		er district.	HANAR BANAR
7 7 10	William Co.	-	BURU	D	The state of the s	2 1 1 1
100	BEDIA .			**		- 1 - 1 -
11.50	BHANL MATI	***	*	**	7	the of
10.	CHAMAR :		MOCH		BAIRWA CHAMAR	1.5 x M (\$1.
					MANGAN	
					CHITAR	
					. NON's	
					RAMNA	
					RAIDAS	1
					SATNAN I	
					SURJABANSHI - SURJABANSHI -	
11.	CHIDAR .		CHADA	P	DUNIT KANDAMP	
-12.			- CHIKW			
13.	DEWAR		DEYAR			÷
114.	DHANCK .					30

"Visi pera 16 of the Report.

APPRODEN VII -- Contd.

S.	Cast	e .	Synonym	Sub-caste	
No.			DHER	1.1	
1 75.	DHED .	*	DOMAR		
16.	DOM	- 50	DORIS		
	GHANDA	20	GANDI		(*)
1 17.		- 7/	GHASI	SOOT SARATHI	
/18.	GHASIA .			++	
19.	HOLIYA				-
_20.	KANJAR			KANERA	
- 21.	KHANGAR		10 10	MIRDHA	
	KHATIK	30 1	40 39	- ii.	
_ 21			, KATIA	PATHARIA	
23. 24.	764000000000000000000000000000000000000	* 17	2007 TERROR 1	44	TR
	Puri, Goe Shaji par, U lam, Mand- Indore, D Jhabua, W	aur, Vi	disha, Dhar, imar).		
1000	KUCHBAN	DHIA			25 N
- 34	MAHAR		MEHRA	THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF	15.16.
100			MERIKA	MANG GARODI	
1	7. MANG -			MANG GARODI MANG MADARI MANG MAHASHI RADHI MANG	
12	8. MEGHWA	d:		277	100
	9. MEHTAR		BALMIKI BHANGI DHARKAR LALBEGI		
			ZAMRAL	4.	
13		100	KALBELIA		
1	IL NAT	+	SAPERA		
1100	. DINIE	12	Carrow No.	1401	100
/	(of the di Tikampa Panna, Sidhi, Sr	Satna.	Rewa.		. ,
			of the Report.		

IDANDIILA

71

		Art	PENDIX VII	-Contd				3411
S. No.	Caste		S	ynonym			Sub-cas	ie
133.	PASI						1+	
	SANSIA .		- BANSI				100	
			MADR	AS.				2.0
11	ADI ANDH	DA						136.51
	ADI DRAVI						1.1.	1441.
	ADI KARNA						1.5	124.
	ARUNTHAT		300	1			4	year 4
	AYYANAVA		V. 20		100		- 494	,
	BAIRA .			**				
7	BAKUDA .						300	
	BANDI .						13.0	
9.	BHARATAR yakumari d the Shenko of Tiranelyo	istrict an	ıd ık					1 /-
1 0.	CHAKKILIY	AN	MUCI	ARI -	It.	32	1000	AN - (1)
	Live .	-	SAMO	ARA	- 1			200
11.	CHERUMAN		1"	1.2	11		**	
12.	DEVENDRA			***	10		4.4	affin the
_ 13.		1	DOM	BARA	11.		-	
_14.	DOVIBAN	1.0	·sar ·	**	-	200	15.	
15.	HOLEYA .						- 00	
_ 16.	KADADAN	ile.		**			10	*
17.			170	**				
.48.	KALLADI	18.5	1					
-		of Tree						

KAVARA (of Kan-yakumar) district and the Shenkotah Taluk of Tirunelyeli district).

20. KOLIYAN .

with the second of the second second

21. KOODAN .

KOOTAN

22. KUDUNBAN

. Vide para 16 of the Report.

S. No.	Caste			Synonym	Sub-caste
-23.	KURAVAN	10	. SII	DHANAR	
24.	MADIGA .	2	JA	OSANGI GGALI MBUYULU ATANGI	
25.	MALA .			/	**
*26.	MANNAN (of kumari distri the Shenkotah Tirunelyeli dist	Ct I	LDG.	INNAN	
27.	MAVILAN .			**	**
. 28.	MOGER .				**
20.	PADANNA (of Nilgiris dist	rict)	-K	ANAKKAN	**
30.	PAGADAI .				***
31.	PALLAN .			ANNADI ATHIRIYAN	340
32.	PA 48ADA	*			7.0
33.	PANNIANDI			**	
•14.	PARAVAN (of Lamari district Shenkotah To Lamari district	and	the of	HI FEREN	
35	PARAYAN.		•	**	3***
36	PATHIYAN		44	/	***
37.	PULAYAN .		. C	HERAMAR	
36.		NNA	N		
_33.		-	*	**	***
40.	AMBAVAR	100	+	**	100
-1		28	36	+6	**
42		14		**	35
43.		-	œ:	250	-
4	TIRLYALLUV	AR	+		**
45	URALY 5	14		**	- 44
46	VALLUVAN	1/4		**	***
- 40	VETAN .	1		275	
47	VEIN .				41
-		distr	101).	***	

S. No.	Caste				Synonym	100	Sub-caste
	- viceno s			MAH	RASHTRA		
1.	AGER		*:		5,000		
2	BAKED			B	ANT		++
3.	BHANGI			- H	ALMIKI ADI ALALKHOR ELA ALBEGI		
	THE STATE OF			NORZ	IALAKANA- IEHTAR LGANA UKHI ADMALLI		
_ 4.	BAHANA	,		B	AHNA		
13.	BALAHI			- B	ALAI		
6.	BASOR				ANSOR ANSODI	-	BURUD (of the districts of Buldhama, Akola, Amrawa ti, Yeotmal, Wardha, Nagpur, Bha pdara & Chanda
- 7.	BEDA JUI	NGAN	4	. B	UDGA JANG	MAG	
. 4.	BEDAR (confidence) of Building Amrayati, Wardha, indara, and	of the	Ak cot	mal,			
1 2.	CHADAR						2 4 3 5
10.	СНАМВН	AR		111111111111111111111111111111111111111	ASADARU SODI HAMBHI HAMADIA HAMARI HAMAGAR IARALAYYA IARALI (HALPA MACHIGAR MOCHIGAR MOCHIGAR MOCHIGAR MOCHIGAR MOCHIGAR MOCHIGAR MOCHIGAR MOCHIGAR	17.	KAMATI MOCH KATTAI MOCH PRADESHI MOCHI TELEGU MOCH

	APPEND	IX VII-Contd.	5 h	April Car N
S. Caste		Synonym	Sub-caste	- 1
No.	-/	RANIGAR ROHIDAS		4 41
	-	ROHIT		d.
	. !	SATNAMI SURJABANSHI SURJYA RAMN	AMI	ψ.
11. DHED)	MAHYAVANSH MARUVANKAI VANKAR	II .	
/12 DHOR		DOHOR	KAKAYYA	110
13. DOM .	/	DUMAR	is tool "	170 255
14. GANDA		County C	14 1.1.7.7.X	1
15. GARODA		GHASIA	AR CORPUSA	14.51
16. GHASI 17. HALEER		**	# MATECA	1
18. HALSAR		HASLAR	F	44.4
		HULASVAR		1,14
19. HOLAR		HOLER	BYAGARA	Frenk
20. HOLAYA		HOLIYA	CHALAVADI	AP - 10 LIVA
1 in and		THE PARTY	CHENNA DAS	
Marrian 121. KAIKAI	of Buldhara,	World -		A COLUMN TO THE PARTY OF THE PA
T tricts	Amravati, Ycot-	and the second	Turne	ill to
Bhanda	ardha, Nagpur ra & Chanda)		CHIKWA	Ch.
of Bu	K (of the districts Idhana, Akola ti. Yeotmal	9.	CHIKWI	
Amrava Wardha Bhanda			Harates 4	Clarida!
23. KOLUP	ULVANDLU		or home in our	Total Control
24. KORAF			KATIA	1
25. KORI			PATARIA	
26. MADIO	3A	MADGI	MADIG	

14.

S. Caste No.		100	Synonym	Sub-caste
27. MAHA	R .	-	MEHAR	/ DEGU-MEGU
28. MALA			TARAL	- RAIRAND
THE MUNICIPALITY			* **	ARWA MALA
				MALA DASARI
				MALAHANNAI
				MALA JANGAM / MALA MASHTI
				MALA SALE .
				MALA SANYASI
				MITHA AYYALWAR
/			20	NETKANI
29. MANG	93	32	DAKKALWAR	
			MATANG	DAKKAL
			MINIMADIG	MADARI MANG MAHA HI
3 0				RADHE MANG
30. MANG	GARUI	OI	G	
11. MANNE			./	
32. MEGHV.	AL		MEGHAR	
5). MUKRI			MENGHVAR	
		*		**
A. PASI .	4			. = 1
35. SHENVA			CHENVA	
/			SEDMA	
	* 2		TIRBANDA	199
37. TURI				
38. YELLAM	MALV	AN-	44	YELLAMALWAR
DLU				
			MYSORE	
 ADI AND 		*		4.2
2. ADI DRA			. BALAGAI	
3. ADI KARI	NATAN	CA	YEDAG V	
4. AGER	-		•E. SHOWEN	
5. AJILA		•		**
6. BAIRA			• 22.	
7. BAKED				
8. BAKUDA		9		
9. BATHADA		6 1		/=

S. No.	Caste	1		Syn	овуш	20	S	ub-caste
10.	BEDA JANG	AM	16	BUDG	A JANC	MA	44	
11	BELLARA .				**	11	Dirtie.	**.
12.	BHANGI .			HALA MEHI THOT ZADN	1			
•13.	BHOVI [of Bangalor Chikmagalur durga, Hass Mandya, Moept Kolleg Shimoga an	re, Bo r. C an, I lysore	hitra- Kolar, (ex-	BOVI			THE PARTY OF	
200	DAKKALIG				30		95 1 2	* ***
14.				KAK	KAYYA	14	1	74.0
15.		HORI	E lof			35	C	STATE OF
	lore, Bellar galur, Chitr san, Kolar Mysore (ext Taluk), Sh Tumkur).	y, Ch adurg M ept K	akma- a, Has- andya, ollegal					
17.	GODDA	+			++	4	N. 1	OLE .
18.		Chikm a, I ndya,	galore nagalur Hassan Mysor Taluk		**	11	B	AN AUG IN telms of Bir An Circle Tolk Inch
19	. HASLA	+	*			+	DVA	GARA
20				, HOI	AYA		HAI HUI HOI KUI MU NAI	LVADI ASVAR ASVAR EYADASAR KKAHOLEY NDALA LAKADAYA AKEYAVA
2	I. JAMBUVU	JLU			11	1	t to	12.5311
2	2. KALLADI		+		**			2.55
	3. KEPMAR tricts of	I lof	the di	e,				**

S. No.	Caste		Synonym	Sub-caste
	Bellary, Chik	magalur,		
	Chitradurga,		411	
	Kolar, Mandya (except Kollega			
	Shimoga and	Fumkurt.		
24	KOOSA .			4 + 45 -
25.	KORACHA lof	the dis-		
	tricts of B.	nealore.		
	Bellary, Chik			
	Kolar, Mandy			
	(except Kollers			
	Shimoga and			
26.	KORAMA [of			
1.00	tricts of B.	angalore.		1000
	Bellary, Chik			2 4
	Chitradurga,			1 4 2
	Kolar, Mandya (except Kolker	(Tabak)		
	Shimoga and 7	umkur).		
27.	KORAR .	S. Carrier		2007.00
28.	KUDUMBAN		PALLAN	
29.	KOTEGAR .	(a)	METRI	
30.	KURAVAN			
31.	MACHALA		2	
32.	MADIGA .		MADAR	ADI JAMBAVA
			MANG	BAINDLA
			MATANG	CHANNAYYA
			MINIMADIGA	CHENNADASAR CHINDHOLLU or
-	600	-	V. ORIGINAL S.	SINDHOLLU
-				MANG GARODI or
				MANG GARUDI
				YELLAMMALA- WANDLU or
				WANDLU or YELLAMMALA-
				WARU
33.	MAHAR .			4.4
34.	MAILA .		10	1350 10000 ## Student
35.	MALA .			ARAY MALA
	STREET, AND A		2.0	ARWA MALA
				MALADASARI
				MALAHANNAI MALAJANGAM
				MALAMASTI
				MALA SALE OF
				NETKANI
				MALA SANYASI

MI 3.5 24

26. SULLAND

aberran

		A	PPL	NDEX VII-Contd.	1
S. No.	Caste			5ynonym	Sub-caste
36.	MASHTI .		+	**	£
37.	MEGHVAL			MENGHVAR	
38.	MOGER .				5
39.	MUKRI .			HALLEER	1
40.	PALE .			100	1
41.	PAMBADA			4.0	**
42.	PANNIANDI			***	2
43.	PARAVAN .		3	PARAYA PARAYA PARAYAN	
44.	RANEYAR			**	1 20
	SAMAGARA	•		CHAKKILIYAN CHAMAR CHAMBAGAR CHAMBHAR MACHIGAR MADARI MOCHI MOCHIGAR MUCHI MUCHIGAR ROHIDAS	ARYA SAMAGARA HARALAYYA- SAMAGARA LINGAWANT- SAMAGARA
46.	SILLEKYATH, districts of B Bellary, Chik Chitradurga, Kolar, Mandya	magal Hass	ur, an,		

Kolar, Mandya, Mysore (except Kollegal Taluk), Shimoga and Tumkur).

47. SUDUGADU SIDHA [of the districts of Bangalore. Bellary, Chikmagalur. Chikmagalur. Chikmagalur. Kolar. Mandya. Myseve (except Kollegal Taluk), Shimoga and Tumkur].

48. TIRGAR

TIRBANDA

ORISSA

1. ADI ANDHRA .

AMANT 2. AMAT

		S. No.	Caste				Synonym	Sub-caste
		3.	BADAIK	48	4		19	**
		4.	BAGHUTI	+	158		BAGUTI	2862
		5.	BASOR	10	G	+	BURUD	**
		6.	BAURI	t)	3.5	*	BAUTI BAVURI KHADALA KHADALO KODALO	***
		7.	BEDIA				ВЕЛА	**
		8.	BELDAR					
		9.	BHATA					-
		10.	CHAMAR		34	000	MOCHI MUCHI SATNAMI	••
		11.	CHANDAL District	A c	flor	put		**
		12.	DANDASI	63	-			**
		13.	DHANWA	R	14.		**	
		*14.	DHOBA		1.4		CHAKALI DHOBI	**
		15.	DOM .		*	*	DOMBO DURIA DOM IRIKA	
		52	et. (c			0.0	PAIDI PAINDA PAMIDI PAN PANO PANOTANTI	
		16.	DOSADHA		1			2235
		17.	GANDA	7.0	1.5	4	35000000000	441
		18.	GHASI		4	E	GHASIA	9.5
		19.	GHUSURI/	•				74
9		20.	GOKHA	-		1	**	**
•	7.5	22.	GORAIT			-	KORAIT	**
		23.	HADI		:		KORAIT BHANGI HADDI HARI MEHTAR	

[.] Vide para 16 of the Report.

S. No.	Caste		Y		Synonym	Sub-caste
24.	JAGGILI	47				35
25.	KANDRA			-	KANDARA	4.5
26.	KATIA					
27.	KELA	***		*	BAJIKAR CHADHAI MARU MUNDAPOTTA SABAKHIA	1
25.	KORI		0.0	-		
29.	LUHARA	+	+		**	**
30.	MADIGA	2			44	100
31.	MAHURIA					NAGARCHI
32.	MALA	21			JHALA MALO ZALA	11
35.	MANGAN	+	+		MANG	44
34.	MEDARI				.,	52.0
35.	MEHER	-				24
36.	HEWAR					- 90
37.	MUSAHAR		+			
38.	PANIKA				PANKA	- 1
39.	J'AP			-	Terrorita .	49
40.	PASI 7				-1-12	Santon a co
41.	PATRATAN	ITI		- 33	PATUA	Section 1
42.	RAJNA				WHITE YOUR	
43.	RELLI	3	-	3		14 14.
41	SANEI					
45	SANSI	3			SAMASI	1.00
46	SAPARI					46
4"	SIDIIRIA	33		- 9	SINDURIA	
45	SIYAL					
4.	TANLA		9	- 3		Tenta,
500	TIAR .			1	TIOR	11 . 11
51	TURI	-		9		27.42
1	UJIA	3		- 53	- 3	460
13	VALMIKI	ed 1	×	nort.	- **	
- 63	and Ganja	m I	Histric	ts).	- 22	

81

S. No.	Caste				Synonym	Sub-caste
	100000000000000000000000000000000000000				PUNJAB	
1,	AD DHA	RMI	+	+	44.7	1.0
+	BARAR	50		-	BERAR BURAR	**
3.	BARWAL	A	32	- 2	240.00290000	S
4.	BATWAL	+		1		
5.	BAURIA			+	BAWARIA	
6.	BAZIGAR					
7.	BALMIKI				BHANGI CHURA	- 1
•8.	CHAMAR		•		JATIA CHAMAR RAIGAR RAMDASI RAVIDASI REHGAR	
9.	CHANAL		- 2	· i		
10.	DAGI					
11.	DARAIN					
12	DEHA		+		DHAYA DHEA DHE	11 44
13.	DHANAK				Autor -	1/2
14.	DHOGRI				DHANGRI	
1.	DUMNA				BHANJRA DOOM MAHASHA	- S-
16.	GAGRA	22	*		**	15 1500
17.	GANDHIL	A			GANDIL GONDOL	
18.	KHATIK				***	
19.	KORI		*		JULAHA KOLI	**
20.	MARIJA	*	*		MARECHA .	
21.	MAZHABI					200
22.	MLGH		-		111	2.
23.	NAT				46	
24.	OD		1			

DHI DHI

N-

[·] Vide para 16 of the Report.

0.	Cast	e		5	yaonym	240	-caste
25.	PASI		*:	5	in.		
26.	PERNA				111		-
27.	PHERERA						
28.	SANHAL	,			2.00		
29.	SANHAL				1.0		
30.	SANSI				BHEDKUT MANESH		
31.	SANSOI		+		**		
32.	SAPELA				BANGALI		100
33.	SARERA				**		1
4.	SIKLIGAR				1.5	Service A	,
5.	SIPPI		٠	٠	**	BADDI HALLI REHAR	
6.	SIRKIBAN	D		•0	**		*
				RA	JASTHAN		
1.	ADI DHAM	IM	i .			64	*
2	AHERI				AHERIA		
3.	BADI	*:			VADI		
4.	BAGRI				**	4. E	
5.	BAJGAR	*:	22	90	**		
5.	BALAI	+			**	- 19	
7.	BANSPHO	R	113	- 30	**	- 19	
8.	BARGI	,.	-	-	BIRGI VARGHI	10	
9.	BAWARIA		10		BAORI	58	
0.	BAZIGAR		12		MADARI	10	100
	BERIA		100	*	**	2.5	100
2	BERWA						
3.	BHAND				**	150	100
4.		٥	135.3	1	CHURA GARANCHA- HELA MEHTAR VALMIKI	MEHTAR	

	1.00	-
APPENDEX	WITT	f comité
A PPENDICE	A11-	COMME

100 mm

67 m

VILI-18

101 (a) 201 (b) 112 (c)

					CLA THE		Sub-caste	
S. No.	Cas	ie			Synonym		Suo-casie	
15.	BIDAKIA		+			315	27 714	
16.	BOLA				4.	10	p = -10	
17,	CHAMAR			- 12	BHAMBHI JATAV JATIA RAIDASS RAIGAR RAMDASIA REGAR		ette	
18.	DABGAR					3	Che.754	
19.	DHANAK				DHANKIA DHANUK		17,255.6	
20.	DHEDA	+					1,22	
21.	DOM				4.6		61.44	
22.					44		15271	
23.			٠		GARDA GARODA GAROLDA GARURA GURDA		53 ** 35	
24	GAVARIA			+			COVARIA .	-
25	GODHI			+	**		0.1587	1
26	KALBELIA		100	,	SAPERA		A 1 1725	
27	KAMAD	44		;	KAMADIA		3 10.00	
21	KANJAR		25		KUNJAR		40.47	
20	KHANGA	R			••		9.15-251.48	
30	KHATIK		93		**		1. 2 Tab	25
21	KOLI				KORIA		**	
32	коосни	ND			53300		a continue	
33	MAHAR				MEHAR		13,715.00	
3.4							Jittin	
25	MEGHWA	T			MEGHVANSH	n	11,114,42	
36	MOCHI			,	JINGAR		16.755	
37	. NAT .	*			22		199	
38							**	
39	RAWAL	*			**		11.00	0

	S. No.	Casie			Synonym	Sub-easte
	40.	SALVI .	12	100		
	41_	SANSI .	33	1	KAPADIA SANSI	
	42	SARBHANGI	+		++	4.1
	43	SARGARA .		7.	100 CONTRACT	++
	44	SATIA			SANTIA	4.4
	45.	SINGIWALA	1		44	4.6
	46.	THORI .			NAYAK	**
	47,	TIRGAR .	18	1	1555	- 55
			1	UTI	AR PRADESH	
	i.	BADHIK /			BAHELIYA /	44
	2.	BAJGI / .	*0	14	BAJANIYA-	
	3.	BALAI.			BALAHAR /	
		BALMIKI /	8	100	HARI S	
			*/		HELA LALBEGI MAZHAEI	
	5.	BANSPHOR	*:	- 13	BASOR -	
CONT.	6.	BARWAR Y	*		4.4	**
	7.	BAWARIA	40		144	
and the same	-	BELDAR		14	44	
33		BERIYA				- 0
15 (8.74)	10	BORIA				4.
			*		DHUSIA	
	-11.	CHAMAR	*		JHUSIA /	
					JATAVA	**
					JATIA /	
	17	DABGAR '	+	13	1,75	22
	13.	DHANLK !	+		100	
	*14	DHOBI / .				
		DOM /	18		DOMAR	TURAIHA
-	13.	DOM 1	240		DHARKAR	**
	16.	DUSADH !	14	-	11	
-cill'-	17.	GHASIA -:	335	179		
200						
	18	HABURA	-		15	

^{•17}de para 16 of the Report,

S. Caste No.	Synonym	Sub-caste
19. KANJAR		**
20. KAPARIYA		**
21. KARWAL	. BHANTU	4.0
22. KHATIK .		4.4
23. KORI		0.000
24. MUSAHAR .		4.4
25. NAT / · ·	KALABAZ	0.55
26. PANIKA	PANKA -	44
20. 170.000	PANKHA	0.00
27. PASI	. TARMALI	
28. SANSIYA	/	4.0
29. SAPERA	BANGALI	**
30. SHILPKAR .	# (#E)	**
	WEST BENGAL	
1. BAGDI	24.40	
2. BAHELIA .		44
3. BAITI		10 th
4. BANTAR		
5. BAURI		57
6. BELDAR		**
7. BHOGTA		**
8. BHUIMALI		
9. BHUIYA		31
10. BIND	CHARMAKAR MOCHI MUCH RABIDAS RUIDAS	946
/	RISHI	
12. CHAUPAL	. No	
13. DABGAR		140
14. DAMAI .		

S No.	Caste		Synonym	Sub-caste
•15	DHOPA	-	DHOB! /	- 10
16	DOALS	1	2000000	546
12.	DOM		11	4.,
) F	DOSADH < .		DUSADH DHARH	
19.	DHASI		44	11
20		3		++
21.	THE PERSON NAMED IN CO.			100
22	HARI	*	BHANGI - MEHTAR - MEHTOR - LALBEGI	(9.5
23.	JALIA KAIBARTTA		49	
24.	JHALO MALO !		MALO .	1997
25.	KADAR			
26.	KAMI C			
27.	KANDRA			
28.	KANJAR	1		**
24.	KAORA	*	41 34	
30.	KARENGA .		KORANGA	4. 1
11	KAUR			7.00
1 32.		9	KEYOT /	
33.		- 2		4.0
34	KHATIK			- **
35	KOCH /	1	+1	4.6
26	KONAL		**	100
15				197
38	CONCLUDE STATE	- 04		Trans.
39				1000 W T
40		4	400	1,000
1000	MAHAR			
40			(44)	
41		1		
44				

2.1

S. No.	Ca	ste		Synonym	Sub-caste
45.	NAMASUD	RA.			
46.	NAT /				
47.	NUNIYA -	· .			200
48.	PALIYA /				
49.	PAN /			SAWASI	
50.	PASI /		8		
51.	PATNI /			44	**
52.	POD /		8	POUNDRA -	77
54	RAJBANSH	1/			
54.	RAJWAR /	-		**	**
55.	SARKI/			**	**
56.	SUNRI/	<u>.</u>	3.5	**	**
57.	TIYAR /		-		75 77
8.	TURI	1 2	1	5.67	**
	·			**	10
		DADRA	A	ND NAGAR HAVELI	
1.	BHANGI				4.5
2:	CHAMAR			***	32
3.	DHED	+ +0		MAHYAVANSHI	- ·
				DELHI	
1.	ADI DHAR	MI .		(4+)	
2.	AHERIA		1	***	722
3,	BALAI			BERWA	
4.	BAWARIA		3	The state of the s	122
5,	BAZIGAR		-	100	
6.	CHAMAR		1	AGRIA	
				CHANWAR CHAMAR JATYA CHAMAR JATAV CHAMAR MOCHI RAMDASIA	

^{*17}de para 16 of the Report.

S. No.		Cast	e		Synonym	Sub-caste
					RAVIDASI RAIDASI RAIGAR REHGARH	
7.	DHANAK		2	-	DHANUK	***
77.7	DHEA	98	95.	-	DHAYA	947
9.	рнові	30	4		**	110
10.	DOM -			+11	19	100
11.	GHARRAN	fI.		1	44	27
12.	KANJAR		1.0	10	GIARAH	++1
13.	KHATIK	1	1	2	**	277
14.	KOLI	100	39	*:	KORI JULAHA	34
	KUCHBAN	CDH	A	4		744
15.	MADARI					
16.	MAZHABI	ē		J.		44.
17.	MEGHWA			*2		
18.	MEHTAR	*		100	BALMIKI BHANGI CHOHRA CHUHRA LALBEGI	
20	NARIBUT	9000	24	10	199	182
20.	NAT .	*			RANA	244
21.	PASI			4	**	13.5
23.	SANSI				BHEDKUT	344
24.	SAPERA			1	****	1000
25.	SIKLIGAR				122	100
26.	SIRKIBAN			4	141	5.55
20,			w	MA	CHAL PRADESH	
						4.0
1.	AD-DHAT		1		NAGALU	
2	BADHI	19	#3		BHANGI	- 1
3.	BALMIKI		7/4		CHUHRA	
4	BANDHE	LA	10	-	=10	

APPENDIX	4.111	_Contd
A PPENTINE	V 11	- Court von

		10000000	-	Sub-caste
20	Caste		Synonym	Sub-casic
41	BANSI .			**
*	BARAD .		BARAR	721
tv.	BATWAL .			- 44
- 5	BAZIGAR	1		322
4	CHAMAR	2 8	MOCHI RAVIDASI RAMDASIA	-46
10	CHANAL		4	**
11	CHHIMBA		DHOBI	
12	16, 22, 152, E2			
17	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	13	DAREI	22
14			TOORI	24
15			DHUAI	220
15	D = 53,420 (c) - 66		DOOMNA BHANJRA	**
114	HESI	- 54	* 1244000000000	++.
100	JOGI	4		
	KAMOH -		- DAGOLI	
	KALONIA	-		
	KEEK .	0.00	4 91 19	
	KHATIK -		. 44	15
	23. KOLI		, JULAHA	1.00
	LOHAR			**
			**	378
		· ×	1/4	**
	OD	7	1	
	+ PASI		M 12	
	PHRIRA	- 1	BANGVII	
	SAPELA		. SARAI :	100
	SARDE	70 .	SIRYALA	
	SIKLIGAR	-		BADDI
	SIPI +	* 3*		HALLI REHAR
	11111			15
	THATRIA	R -	THATH	

90

S. No.	Caste			Synonym	Sub-caste
	77 -1107	7	92	MANIPUR	
1.	DHUPI .			DHOB	45
2.	LOI .	41		To a second of the second of t	-
3.	MUCHI -			RAVIDAS	19
4.	NAMASUDRA		-		**
5.	PATNI .		-	0.0	3.5%
6.	YAITHIBI		7	**	**
				PONDICHERRY	
1	ADI ANDHRA	4	36		46.0
	ADI DRAVIDA		,	16	10.50
	CHAKKILIYAN		18	12	34
4	KURAVAN			**	
5.	MADIGA .		0		JAMBUVULU
6.	PALLAN -		-	- 22	**
7. 1	PARAYAN .		1	144	37 8
8. 1	SAMBAN -	0	11	(4.4)	1952
9. :	SAMBAVAR	255	*		
d .	тноті	***	3.	PAKY .	
1.	VALLEVAN	+		46.	
2.	VETAN	8	4	31	
1. '	VETTIVAN				
			1	TITE	
1. 1	BAGDI -	-		- **	
. 1	BHUIMALI	#15	-	TO THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER	
3. 4	CHAMAR	•		HLCH1	
4. 1	DHOBA		18	***	
5.	DHULI	20	11.0	BADYAKAR SABDAKAR	

	Caste			1	Synonym	Sub-caste
6.	DOM .	+				KAN
7.	GHASI				200	**
8.	JALIA KAIBA	RTA	0.38			
9.	KALINDI .		1		**	
10.	KEOT .	-			4.5	
11.	KOCH .		-		44	
12	KOTAL .	16			100	
13.	MAHISYADA	5	12			
14.	MEHTOR .				***	197
15.	MUSAHAR		- 3		2.5	**
16.	NAMASUDRA	100	- 2		2.5	**
17.	PATNI .		0			
_		L	ist of	Sched	fuled Tribes	
S. No.	Tribe			Syn	onym	Sub-tribe
100	-		ANI	DHRA	PRADESH	
1.	ANDH .					SADHU ANDH
2.	BAGATA .			REN	A	
325	and shake a second			RON	A	17.5
3.	West Godavar na. Guntur, I	ishal jodav i, Kr Kurn addar	kha- vari, ish- ool, oah.	SUG	BADA ALI	
4.	BEITI KAMMA	RA			152	METTU KAMMA
-10.00						
	CHENCIII					METTU SARAF MOOLI KAMMARA
5. (CHENCHU	20	et.		C. 99%	MOOLI
5. (CHENCHU CADABA				光	MOOLI

A 10/04/2012/19/2019				
A WATER THE P.	vH	-	-0880	w
APPENDIX	* * *		diam'r.	

5	Tribe	Synonym	Sub-tribe
No. 8.	JATAPU	KONDH	DESAYA KONDH
9.	KODU .		DONGRIA KONDH KUTIA KONDH TIKIRIA KONDH YENITY KONDH
16	KOLAM	MANNE KOLAM	**
11.	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	KONDA KAPU	CHINNA KONDALU PEDDA KONDALU
12	KONDA REDDI	HILL REDDI	•
13.	KODU GOUDU	8888	**
	(of the Agency tract-)	**	DOLI KOYA
14.	KOYA		DORA CHATTAM GAMPA KOYA COMMU KOYA GUTTA KOYA KAKA KOYA KAMMARA KOYA KUTTA KOYA LINGA KOYA MATWA KOYA MUSARA KOYA ODDI KOYA PATTIDI KOYA RACHA KOYA
1	s. KOTIA	2 340	BARTIKA BENTHO ORIYA DULIA HOLVA PAIKO PUTIYA SANROHA SIDDOPAIKO
	6. MANNE DOEA		**
- 6	7. MOOKA DONA	NOOKA DORA	44
	8. NAIKPOD		**
		144	17
1	tof the Agenc 1	1	
1	20. PARDHAN		W
3	21. PORJA	4 44	**
	REDDI DOFA		

	20112		
S. No.	Tribe	Synonym	Seb-tribe
23.	SAMANTA	SAMANTU	44
24	SAVARA		(**)
25.	THOTI (of the district of Adila- bad)	*	**
26.	YENADI (of the district of Srika- kulam, Vishakhapat- nam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Kri- shna, Guntur, Kurnool, Nellore, Cuddapah, Anantapur and Chit- toor)		
27.	YERUKULA (of the districts of Sri- kakulam, Vishakhapat- nam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Kri- shna, Guntur, Furnool, Nellore, Cu- toor)		
		1000000	

ASSAM

	^	227.11		
out the State i	neluding NI	EFA .		
100	16		74	
A 6.11	HE . HE	USSO	- 1	
TANI N'		4.5	199	*
GNI .		72	157	
GRO .		44	100	
UN -	. KI	IOW'A	100	
KMAV .		22	1.000	
LATH		**:	- 35	
RI G.	1			
MMAI	. MI	JI .	- 35	
10~.				
ong /			**	
AR · ·	- 0			
AI 6 1	1 %	- 44	W	
	TAIL NE GNI	TANI NET HR TANI N	TANI NOTE HRUSSO TANI NOTE HRUSSO GNI GNI GNO UN KHOWA KMAV LA TH INI KI GH ONG AR	TANI NET HRUSSO TANI NET HRUSS

5.	Tribe	Synonym	Sub-tribe
No.	JAINTIA .	. PNAR	44
16.	KACHARI (F	BARO-KACHARI DIMASA MECH SONWAL	
	KHAMBA NE	11	**
1	MANION T	A	and the
1	KHAMPTI TE		BAKHAK
• 14.	KHASI .	新雄 10000	DENIL LYNGNGAM MEGAM WAR
*20.	KUKI .		BLATE OF BIETI CHANGSAN CHONGLOI DOUNGEL
			GANGHTE GUITE HANNENG HAOKIP OF HAUPIT HAOLAI HENGNA HONGSUNGH HRANGKHWAL
Areti			RANGKHOL JONGBE KHAWATHLAN KHOTHALONG KHAWCHUNG KHELMA KHOLHOU
			LENGTHANG LHANGLM LHOUJEM LHOUVLN LUPHENG MANGJEL MISAO - RIANG SAIRHEM SELNAM - SINGSON

[•] Vide para 16 of the Report.

S. No.	Tribe		Synonym	Sub-tribe
140				SITLHOU SUKTE THADO THANGNGEN UIBUH VAIPHEI
21.	LALUNG E	61 413	2000	**
22	LAKHER .	N	MARA	146
23.	MAN -		44	15
24.	MEMBA 1			+ 14
25.	MIKIR /-1		**	55
26.	MIRI & FT			44.
27.	MISHMIT, F	. /		**
•28.	MIZO .	1	USEI	
29.	MONPA 1		===	55
30.	NAGA / TH	e) (*		4.0
31.	NOCTE 1		4.6	**
32.	PAWI .	e: 0x	44	22
33.	RABHA (V.			**
34.	SHERDUKPEN	MELL	24	**
35.	SINGPHO TE	412.		44
36.	SULUNG . []	1	0.00	**
37.	TANGSA (94
38.	WANCHO 41	7 47	200	41
39.	YOBIN .		4.0	**
			BIHAR	
1.	ASUR .		2000	- 22
2.	BAIGA		1.44	24
1	BATHUDI .		44	4.
4.	BEDIA -	2 5	**	30
5.	BHUMIJ (of the districts of Singhbhum, bagh, Santhal nas and Dhanba	Hazari- Parga-	*	TAMARIA

^{*}Vide para 16 of the Report.

	N. Care		1000
APPENDIX	vn	-	onta

		APPENDIX	All—Course	
S.	Tribe		Synonym	Sub-tribe
No.	SHIA .			+*
201120	RHOR .		44	144
11	RJIA .	100	2	441
000	ERO .			
	IK BARAIK	3		25.50
		-		4.5
44.	OND .	70.	1+	1000
1	ORAIT -			400
13. H	200 A D 10 - A D 3 L		41	5.5
7 14 15 25	ARMALI		***	2.0
	HARIA		++	48 3
	HARWAR			++
A District	HOND		100	1.5
	ORA -		46	2.4
	GRWA .		LOHRA	**
-	OHARA	To la :	LOTTO	
	MAL PAHARI	-	1000000	SAURIA PAHARIA
23. N	IUNDA		3,100%	1 11 11 2
	AGESIA .		KISAN	4
	ORAON .			
	PARHAIYA	*		
	SANTAL		**	**
	SAVAR	40		***
-			GUJARAT	
	BAVACHA		4	1.55
	BAMCHA		10.0	725
				160
2.	BHARWAD (of the Nesses Forest Divin- Rajkot, Gir a gadh).	474		
J4.	BHIL .		BARDA BHAGALIA BHILGARASIA DHANKA	

S. No.	Tribe		Synonym	Sub-tribe
Pso.			DHOLI BHIL DUNGRI BHIL DUNGRI GARAS GAMIT GAMTA GAVIT MAVCHI MEWASI BHIL PADVI PAWRA RAWAL BHIL TADVI TETARIA VALVI VASAVA VASAVA	IA
*	BHILALA	9		++
6.	CHARA	the of na-		
7.	CHODHARA	36	(9.0)	**
8.	CHAUDHARI (of the districts of S. and Bulsar)	rat		
9.	DHODIA .	1	**	
10.	DHOR-KOLI .		KOLI-DHOR TOKRE-KOLI	
	DUBLA		TALAVIA HALPATI	The state of
12.	KATKARI .		KATHODI	DHOR KATKAR
			P E	DHOR KATHODI SON KATKARI SON KATHODI
13.	KOLCHA		KOLGHA	SON KATHODI
14.	KOKNA .		KUKNA	11 91
15.	KUNBI (of the Dange distr	(1)	144	
16.	NAIKDA	27.5	NAYAKA	CHOLIVALA NAYAKA KAPADIA NAYAKA MOTA NAYAKA NANA NAYAKA

S.	Tribe		Synonym	Sub-tribe
No. 17.	PADHAR .		44	4+
JA.	PATILIA		400	-
19.	POMIA			0.0
20.	RABARI .	ions of		# · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
21:	RATHAWA	+ 35	RATHAWA-KOLI	4.4
	VARLI		-	
23.	PHONONESTA	* *	BARODIA KOTWALIA	==
		JAN	MU AND KASHMI	R
1	CHAMPA	7 .		**
			KERALA	
1,	ADDAN			4541
2			-	100
3	ERAVALAN			
4	IRULAN .			#118.00
5	KADAN .	25 3		
6	KANAL DI		KALANADI	**
7	KANIK ARAN		27	08.40
8	KARIS ALAN	bear .	**	**
- 55	KATTI AYA		THACHANADAN THEN KURUMAN	144
-	KOR* V	35 1		- 0
- 6		30	ACT AVITO	
1	i. KUDI: 4			12
1	2. KUND VADI	YAN		
1	KURT BAN			
1	4. KUI MAN	\$1 S		MULLUVA KURUMAN URALI KURUMAN

APPENDIX VII-Cont !

		WLLT	ADDR ATT-COME	
S. No.	Tribe		Synonym	Sub-tribe
15	KURUMBAN		4.6	
16	MALA ADIYA	N .	-	
17	MALA ARAYA	N .		10.0
18	. MALAKKARA	Ν .	MALA MUTTAN MALA PANIKA	
19	MALA KURAV	AN .		
20	. MALA PANDA	RAM		
21	. MALA PULAY	AN .	KARAVAZIII PULAVAN	***
			PULAYAN PAMBU	
			PULAYAN WYNADAN PULAYAN	377
22	MALASAR	200 0		3990
23	. MALA VEDAN		MALA VETAN	1.00
24	MALA VETTU	VAN .		***
25	. MALAYAN (of areas)	hill	KONGA MALAYAN PANI MALAYAN	
26	MANNAN (E	न्नन)		
Dec. of	the state of the s		-	*********
	ORDER TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF			MUDUGA MUDUVAN
29	PALIYAN .			9.00
30	PANTYAN		2.	**
31	. PATHIYAN		++	***
32	ULLADAN			110
33	. URALI (of hill a	areas) .	##	
		MADH	YA PRADLSH	
1	. AGARIA .		11	100
2	ASUR .			22
3	. BAIGA .			
4				
- 18	THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PE	3-1		

A common and a			
APPENDIX	VШ	0000	

		^-	LENDIX +11—Cours	
S.	Tribe	*	Synonym	Sub-caste
5.	BILARIA .			BHUMIA BHUINHAR BHUIYAN PALIHA PANDO
6	BHATTRA		44	4.9
7.	BHIL			BHIL KOLI OF DHANKA KOLI BHIL MINA DAMOR OF DAMRIA MANKAR MATHWADIA NAIKDA
				RATHIA TADVI
*8.	BHILALA .	÷		BARELA PATELIA PATLYA
9.	BHIMMA	- 1	**	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
10.	BHUNJIA		***	**
11.	BINJHWAL.			**
	BIRHOR		BIRHUL	**
13	BIYAR			10
	DHANWAE	2	DHANUHAR	100 44
14.			GADABA	Hard State of the
	GADBA	1	DAROI	ANDH ARAKH of ARRAKH BADA MADIA
		104		BHATOLA BHUTA or KOILABHUTA CHHOTA MADIA
				DANDAMI MADIA DHOBA DHULIA DHURU or
				DHURWA DORLA GAIKI GAITA
				GATTA or GATTI GOND GOVARI

^{*}Vid pura 16 of the Report.

S. No.	Tri	be	M		Synonym	Sub-tribe
No.						KALANGA KANDRA KHATOLA KHIRWAR KOITAR KOYA KUCHA MADIA MADIA MADIA MADIA MADIA MANA MANNEWAR MOGHYA GOND MUDIA NAGARCHI NAGWANSHI OJHA PATHARI RAJGOND
					u.rm	SONJHARI JHAREKHA THATIA or THOTYA
17. 18. 19.	KAMAR KANDH		1	:	KHOND KONDH	
	KANWAR			*	KAUR KAWAR	BHAT OF KURU BHAT OF KURU PUROHIT OF LANJHA CHHATTRI CHERWA TANWAR
21.	KHADIA		-		++:	IAM AK
22	KHAIRWA	R	18		71	KONDAR
23.	AND THE PROPERTY.		274			BONDHEYA or
24,	KORKU	2	83	5	MAWASI	BONDHI BOPCHI NAHUL of NIHAL
25.	KORWA	30	35		**************************************	DIH or DIHARI KORWA KODAKU PAHADIA or PAHADI KORWA

APPENDER VII-Contd.

S. No.	Tribe		Synonym	Sub-tribe
26.	MAJHWAR .		MAJHI	
27.	MUNDA .		1/200000	**
28.	NAGASIA		NAGESIA	++
29.	Section of the second		DHANGAD	- 17
***	oldid.		DHANKA KUDA KUDUKH	
30.	PAO		441	
31.	PARDHAN .		PATHARI	SAROTI
32.	PARDHI	1	BAHELLA BAHELLIA	CHITA PARDHI LANGOLI PAR-
			SHIKARI TAKANKAR TAKIA	PHANS PARDHI
.33.			46	V.
34.	SAUNTA	.+:		1840
35.	SAUR		SEHARIARAWAT SONR	
36.	SAWAR .	1	SAWARA SHABAR	100
.37.	SEHARIA .	1	SEHR SOS!A	***
	The state of the s	1		
		1	MADRAS	
1.	IRULAR		-	10
2.	KADAR .		N. Victoria	++
3.	KANIKARAN (of Kanyakumari district and Shen- kotah taluk of Tirunelveli dis- trict)		KANIKKAR	44
4.	KATTUNAYAKAN			4
5.	KOTA , .	-		74
6.	KURUMBA (of Nilgiris dis-			**
7.	trict) KURUMAN			

S. No.		Tribe		-1000	Synonym		Sub-tribe	
9.	MA	LAYALI				144	1,6	
	200	DUGAR			12	MUDUVAN	4.4	
10.		RIKORA		N		KURIVIKKARAN	12	
11.		LLIYAN		99	1	4+	100	
12.		NIYAN					- 22	
13.		LAYAN	7				44	
14.		of Coimb	atore	cts)				
15.	SH	OLAGA		13		14.	4.5	
16.	TO	DA		*		- 15	**	
						MAHARASHTRA		
		TADIA				2.		
1.		SARIA NDH	30			**		
2.	1000	UR	1			2.2		
3	10000	LARIA			3	BHUIYAN BHUINHAR	**	
-	-					BHUMIA		
,		***		174	-	- 0	BARD.	
15	Bi	HIL			-		BHAGA 'A BHIL-GAKASIA	
						75	DHOLI-BHIL	
					4		DUNGRI BHIL DUNGRI-	
							GARASIA	
- 8							MAVCHI MEVASI-BHIL	
							PADVI PAWARA	
							RAWAL-BHIL	
							VALVI	
							VASAVA	
-6	P	HILALA					-	
7	Maria S	HIMMA						
4		HUNJIA				.,	-	
- 55	#NE	INJHWA					-	
9		HANKA		20	- 5		TETARIA	
10								
11	. D	HANNA	4	*	19.			

APPENDIX VII-Conid.

S. No.	Tribe	Synonym	Sub-trive
12.	OHODIA (of the districts of Greater Bombay, Thana, Kolaba, Ratnagiri, Nasik, Dhulia, Jalgaon, Ahmednagar, Poona, Satara, Sangli, Sholapur and Kolhapur)	DHODI	
13.	DHOR KOLI	KOLI DHOR TOKRE KOLI	
14.	OUBLA (of the districts of Oreater Bombay, Tha- na, Kolaba, Ratnagiri, Nusik, Dhulia, Jal- gaon, Ahmedragar, Poona, Satara, Sangli, Sholapur and Kolha-		
15.	PAI)	GAMTA	GAMIT ARAKH
10:	GOND	KOITUR	BADA MADIA BHATOLA CHHOTA MADIA DANDAMI MADIA DHULIA DHURU OF DHURWA DHURA DHURA
			GAITA GAITA
			GOND OW SEL
			KANDEA KOYA KHIRWAR
			KUCHA MADIA KUCHAKI MADIA
			MADE
			MANNEWAR MUDIA

APPENDIX VII-contd.

S.	Tribe		Synony	m Sub-tribe
No.				NAGARCHI NAGWANSHI NAIKPOD OJHA SONJHARI JHARI KHA THATIA OF THOTIA
17.	HALBA .	10	HALBI	144
18.	KAMAR .			940
19.	KANDH .		KHOND	4.6
20,	KATKARI	•	. KATHODI	DHOR KATKARI OF DHOR KA- THODI SON KATKARI OF SON KA- THODI
A.	KAWAR .		KANWAR	CHATTRI CHERWA RATHIA TANWAR
22.	KHARWAR			
	KOKNA (of the dis Greater Bom na, Kolaba, I Nasik, Dhulia Ahmednagar, Satara, San pur and Kol	bay, Th Ratnagii , Jalgao Poon gli, Shol	a- ri, n, a,	
24.	KOL		* 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	
25.	KOLCHA .	17	, KOLGA	
26.	KOLAM .		. KOLLAWAR PUJARAK	**
Jr.	KORKU .		, MOUASI	BONDLYA BONDIO BOPCHI NIHALO NAMET

^{*1&#}x27;ide para 16 of the Report.

APPENDIX VII-Conid.

S.	Tribe	Synonym	Sub-tribe
*28.	MAHADEV KOLI (of (a) the Akola, Rahuri and Sangamner talukas of Ahmednagar dis- trict, (b) the Karjat, Khalapur, Alibagh, Mahad and Sudhugad talukas of Kolaba dis- trict, (c) the Nasik, Ni- phad, Sinnar, Chan- dor, Buglan, Igatpuri, Dindori and Kalvan talukas and Surgana and Point Mahals of Nasik district, (d) the Ambegaon, Jurnar, Khed, Mawal and Mulshi talukas and Velhe Mahal of Poona district and (e) the Thana		
29. 30.	Bhivandi Bassem, Wada, Shahapur Dahanu, Palghar Umbergaon, Jawhai and Mokhada taluka of Thana district). MALHAR KOLI NAYAKA		CHOLIVALA NAYAKA MOTA NAYAKA
/		PATHARI	MANA NAYAKA KAPADIA NAYAKA
a1.	PARDHAN .	SAROTI	
¥	PATELIA (of the districts Greater Bombus, Th	a.	X888

Greater Bombus. Thanna, Kolaba. Ratnagiri, Nasik, Dhulia, Palizaon. Ahmednagar. Poota, Satara. Saneli. Sholapur and Kolhapur).

33. POMLA

34. RATHAWA

*Vide para 16 of the Report.

APPENDIX VII-COMID.

S. No.		Tri	ibe		Synonym	Sub-tribe
	35. THAKUR		25	**	THAKAR	KA-THAKAR KA-THAKUR MA-THAKAR MA-THAKUR
36,	VARLI	0	100		***	**
37.	VITOLIA (of the Greater Thana, I nagiri, N Jalgaon, A Poona, Sa Sholapur pur).	Kelak asik, Ahme	Dhuli dnaga Sanel	y. 1- 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,	***	
		/			MYSORE	
1.	ADIYA /	200	*		" /	***
3.	Bellary, C	hikm a. 1	ngalore nagalus Hassan		LAMBANI	**
	Kolar, M sore (exce taluk), Shi Tumkur).	andy of k	a, My		- 400L	1.00
3.	CHENCHU	1			CHENCHWAR V	
4.	DHOR KOL	1/	•		KOLCHA / KOLGHA / TOKRE KOLI /	
	GOND /	0.00	21 6			KOYA .
6.	GOWDALU	1	45 10		**	**
7.	HAKKIPIKK	1 /			100	
8.	HASALARU	/				1000
9.	IRULIGA .	1		1	RULAR	
	KADU KURI		Υ	F	SETTA KURUBA ENU KURUBA CURUMAN	/
11.	KADU MAR	ATI.	1.			
12.	KANIYAN .	/			ANYAN /	**

APPENDIX VII -Contd.

S Na	Tribe	/	Synonym	Sub-tribe
	KATKARI .	20.5	KATHODI*	DHOR KATHODI DHOR KATKARI SON KATHODI SON KATKA
1:	KORAGA V	¥ 8	4.0	" V
15.	KUDIYA /	. >		MELAKUDI OF
16.	MALAYEKANI	DI 🧸 .		
17.	MALERU	#D 05	/	- 12
15.	MEDAR .		MEDA	/
1 -	NAIKDA .	35 3	BHIL NAYAKA	HOLIVALA NAYAKA NAYAKA NAYAKA OTA NAYAKA
			4	ANA NAYAKA
20.	PALLIYAN V		PANIYAN -	48
	P\RDHI >	100	ADVICHIN CHAR CHIGARI BETEGAR HARANSHIKARI NIRSHIKARI TAKANAKAR TAKANAKAR	HASE CHARI HASE PARDHI KAJPARDHI
-	SHLIGA V.	F 8	SHOLIGA	**
	Y-RAVA V		NOTING AND A	BADAGA YERAVA PANI YERAVA VODIGA GOWDA
			NAGALAND	
-30	5.00		,	
	GARO .	18 S		
•	EACHARI.	-		
	11.61			
	\$19.1%	- 3		

0.1 (-1)		_				
Sub-tribe	Synonym			×	Trib	S. No.
	ORISSA		******	-		
**	19	1	4		BAGATA	1.
44	BANJARI			-	BANJARA	2.
***					BATHUDI	3.
(**)	DHOTAD'S			100	BHOTTADA	•4.
	BHUYAN				BHUIYA	855
			35		BHUMIA	5.
TAMADIA TAMUDIA		10	32	*	BHUMIJ	7.
**		4	12	100	BHUNJIA	8.
**	BINJHIA BINJHOA		95	*	BINJHAL	
177	MANKIDI MANKIDI		·	¥.	BIRHOR	10.
+ ++			1A	RA	BONDO PA	
***			8		DAL -	2500
					DHARUA	12.
	41	-				14.
		4	-	4.	GADABA	15.
BAIGA	GONDO			-	GOND	16.
EREHGA- KOLHA	KOL KOLHA		0.00	*		17.
	T. HOTELSTON		3		HOLVA	18.
	0.00		40	+		19.
1.00			-		HILL STREET	20.
KANDHA KUTIA KANDHA	KHOND KOND KUI	*	5			21.
NANGULI KAN- DHA	Růvi				4	
PENGO KANDHA						
+ **					KAWAR	22.
**						23.

* Vide para 16 of the Report.

AFFENDIX VII-Coned.

5.7		A	PENDIX V	II-Conrd.	100
5	Tribe	-		nonym	Sub-tribe
No.					4.7
24.	KHARWAI	R :		DA-LOHARA	P 40
25.	KOLHA-LO	DHARA	. MOI		
26.	KONDA D	HORA		4.0	28
27.	KORA			148	********
25.		4 8	2	**	GANDIA
2500			14	244	MADIA
29.	KO				+5.
30.	LODHA	. 3		7	
31		40.00		1	* *********
0.555		KOLI	*	27 9	A 400
32			1	41	
33	A ALT PAID A		4	dhen	100
3-	1970 6		. MI	UNDARI	15
3	MUNDA			LARUA	
	6. NAGESI	Α	, K	ISAN	
- 35		TYA .	7.0		1000
- 17			11	RAM	1000
- 3	E ORAON				19/4
	P. P.RAJ			115	T 1564
E 3	40. PAREN			0-20	- 33
	41. FENTE			100000	11.
	42. KAJUA	R ·	4	13Negvi	- (1
1	43. SANTA	L.		SAHARA	
	44. SAUR		9. 9	SAORA	100
	and the management			SAVAR	
				SHABAR	
				PUNJAB	44
	BEI			**	
	BOD			(**	
	CHA			++	21.
	201		-	GARA	
	- DON	TDV .		ZOBA	
	5 KAN	VET (of	Chota and	SEOK	11000
	Bara	Banghal)		SEUR	
	e. SW	ANGLA		**	



APPENDIX VII-Cond.

train to .			NDIX VII-COMI			
S. No.	Tribe		Synonym		Sub-tribe	
	/	R	AJASTHAN			
1.	BHIL		BHIL MINA GA	METI	66	
2.	CHOWKIDAR MIN	21014	>	-	- 22	
3.	DAMOR.	9 1	DAMARIA			
5.	GARASIA.		-			
6	SEHARIA	1			**	
	service .	5.0	(44)			
	t t	TAR	PRADESH			
1.	AGARIA .		140		139	
2	BAIGA .	8	**		**	
3	BHOTIA		WOT.		10.00	
		N T	HOTA AUHARIA MARCHHA OLEHA AD		346	
4.	BHUINYA .	В	HUTYAR	100		
5.	BUKSA		4, 9,000	- Sa		
6.	CHERO		A 14 E27	= EHI		
7.	GOND .	40	- 10	DILL	nn.	
	22	*	Dist	NAY. OJHA PATH RAJG	ARI	
5	JAUNSARI excluding KHASA JAU SARI, nz. Brahmic gr Rajput).	~	**			
9. 1	KHAIRWAR					
10. 1	KORWA (of the Mirz	2.			3.	
P	ur district south of the		(44	4	**	
1. 1	KOL		7	11.00		
2. 1	MAJHWAR.		100		**	
P	ORAON (of the Mir: aur district south of the airmur range).	-	***			

APPENDIX VII-Contd.

2	S.	Tribe		-		Synonym	Sub-tribe		
	No.	Wester	- 1	-	1000				
	14.	PARAHIYA			PAR	AHAIYA	-41	-	7
	15.	RAJI			BAN	RAWAT MANUS			
	16.	SAHARIA				***	SAHARIA RAWAT		- (-
	17.	THARU		g.		***			
					WEST	BENGAL			1
	1.	BEDIA	40		BED	IYA	19.2	19	100
	2.	вними		73	14		\$500 December 1	- 1	RES PHONE
	3.	BHUTIA					TIBETAN YOLMO		
	4	BIRHOR				***	**		
	5.	CHAKMA						177	4
	6	CHERO		16	1				100
	7.	CALC				++			
	8.	GC D			4	300	44		
	9.	GORAIT							A
-	AAAIT TO LA	HAJONG					e e	10.	HAJONG .
害	Coltration.		in .		120	** 35	1999年8月1日 11日本	11	403
.77	11.			100	100				1000
- 7	12.	KARMALI		ħ		***	WATER BOOK TO THE	12	
	13.	KHARWAR			1714	ARIA		200	*119 1/4#
	14.	KHERIA	7		N.T.	ARIA			4
	15.			-	70	11		100	15,000
	16.			367		10	**		
	17.	LEPCHA	14		14	1.4			
	18.	LODHA	4	4					
	19.	LOHARA	000	45	1.00	HRA	**	11	25
	20.	MAGH		-	4	196		(81)	
	21	MAHALI	2	1	- MA	HLI	**	21	A STATE OF
	22	MAL PAH	ARI	Y.A	PA	MAR BHA ARHARIYA RHAIYA URIA PAHA	·		
	23.	MECH				CALL STREET, S	**		22 4
	23	MECH	-		-		Contract Contract		

APPENDIX VII-Contd.

S. No.	Tribe		-11:	Synonym	Sub-tribe
24.	MRU				
25.	MUNDA .	-	\$	343	
26.	NAGESIA .		37	KISAN	107
27,	ORAON -	3		1441	(4+)
28	RABILA .		÷	10	1000
29.	SANTAL .			**	
30.	SAVAR		+		188
31.	SHERPA	5	75	DUGPA KAGATAY	19+
32.	TOTO		1		10
	AND	AMA		NICOBAR ISLANDS	
1.	ANDAMAN SE	- 4		C++-	4.0
2	JARANAA	- 2			4.4
3.	ONGL -			1887	
4.	SENTINELLISE	1,	-		44
5.	NICOBARLSE	/			(2.5)
6	SHOM PEN		4		**
1		DAD	RA	& NAGAR HAVELI	
1	DHODIA (72.00	44
2	DHOR-KOLI '	1			
3.	DUBLA /	4		HALPATI	4+
- 6	KATKARI F			KATHODI	4+
	KOKNA -	3			
- 6	KOLGH .		+	2442	(44)
7	NAIKD 1			NAYAKA -	44
*	VARII		3	**	(64)
		нім.	ACI	HAL PRADESH	
1.	BANJALA	1		5000	10
2	JAD -		+	BODH	
				BOTH KHAMPA	**
					9.1

Approved VII - Contd.

S. No.	Tribe	, Synonym	Sub-tribe
3.	KANAURA	KINNAL'RA	41
4.	LAHAULA		45

AMINDIVE MINICOV AND AMINDIVE ISLANDS

- 1. MALUMI . -
- 2. MELACHERI

5. PANGWALA

- 4 THAKHRU

MANIPER

KHONJAI LUKI ANAL BAITE CHIRU CHOTHE GANGHTE HACKIP HMAR KORENG KOM LAMGANG MONSANG MOYAN PAITE SINTE THADOU VAIPHEI 700

- 2. MARING
- 3. MIZO:
- 4. NAGA .

ANGAMI KABUI KACHA NAGA MAO MARAM TANGKHUL

115

APPENDIX VII -Concld.

S No.		Tri	be		Synonym	Sub-tribe
					TRIPURA	
1.	CHAKMA	+			1000	
2.	GARO	+	20	14	4.0	
3.	HALAM	:+:		,	C-640	**
4,	JAMATIA		1		41	
5.	KANDH	+	40		46	2.
6.	KHARIA		7			11
7.	KHASI				KHASIA	**
8.	KOL .	1		0.	44	- 1
9.	KUKI	-	+63			
10.	LUSHAI	1	-			
11.	MAG .		78	4	34	
12.	MUNDA		-			
13.	NOATIA		4			
14.	ORAON _			-		**
15.	RIANG		2/1	1		
16.	SABAR		+	-	144	
17.	SANTAL	\$	1		1000	
18.		*	#/		TRIPURA TRIPURI	**
19.	UCHAI	4		74		44

L/M3 Deptt. of SS:65-2,000-28-9-65-GIPF.